l continue until

ofessor of Chem-

KING, his Institute. Proof. ry, by the day, ncess and Third d very conveni-e built of brick, y FIRE-PROOF any Stables in rs,) a large and der the Stables liter them well tantly for hire country, and I faction to those or their liberal nuance of their R. NIXON.

JOBBING, lixon's Livery ish-its., . . J. Cornwall, branches, and they may be ner. They may be fer. They wilk f all descrip-rts. &c. &c.; d experienced execute their ot fail to give d, they
s, Mill
They
oelng.
ee obtained in
rs experience
for that purnot superior,

AL & CO. 24-tf ASE," c that he has ck of Saddle most impro-his store on onfident that onfident that who may fand will conand Sulky hips, &c.; Spurs, &c. est materials lises, Saddle and all other of which he customers. c. &c., made

nys keeps on has now, and of Fly Nets. , whether in price to peron commis-NOLEY. ow to close PEDEN. ully invite mine their

ensuredo; ar: ver offered t-street.

LEY'S. timores per lb.; K'S.

No subscription received for a less term than one year.

No subscription received to discontinue his paper after the commencement of a subscription, till the expiration of mid year.

Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for a less term than one year.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$2 50 IN ADVANCE, and the above terms. AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$2.50 IN ADVANCE.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of line time.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

Any advertises per square for each finish the number of the line.

A libral discount will be made on advertises and each finish the number of the line.

A libral discount will be made on advertises and each finish the number of the line.

A libral discount will be made on advertise

according to the above terms.

**Thy person sending us five New subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the sixth copy gratis, for one year.

Money may be remitted per mail, at our risk.

All letters on business connected with this office, must be

BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS. JAS. FULTON, Editor ... A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor

One year, in advance, or within three months, \$2 50 When payment is delayed over three months, 3 00

Dr. JAMES E. KEA,
SURGICAL and Mechanical Dentist—Office over Mr.
Agostine's Store, Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Jan. 31, 1851
21-3m

EDWARD CANTWELL,

A TTORNEY at Law, Wilmington, N. C., has removed his office to Market-street, opposite the Carolina Hotel.

JESSUP & MOORE,

prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He also keeps constantly on hand Lime, Plaster, Plastering Hair, and Fire Brick, of the best quality, for sale.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10, 1851

MILES COSTIN,

COMMISSION Merchant, Wilmington, N C.

E. P. HALL, Esq., President Branch Bank of the State; Thos. H. Wright, Esq., President Bank of Cape Fear; O. G. Parsley, Esq., President Commercial Bank—Wilming-ton, N. C.

GAUSE & BOWDEN,
COMMISSION Merchants and General Agents,
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN C. BOWDEN.

WILKINSON & ESLER, CASH Dealers in Confectionary, Fruit, Nuts, Toys, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Tobacco. Segars, &c. &c., Wholesale and Retail, Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

ALEX. MacRAE, Jr.,

IMPORTER of China, Glass and Earthenware, and
wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds of Farming Implements, South side of Market-street, Wilmington, N. C.
Nov. 8, 1850

WEST & HEWLETT,

UCTIONEERS, Commission Merchants and General Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

October 25, 1850

MARTIN & CRONLY,

UCTIONEERS and Commission Merchants,

Wilmington, N. C.

M. Cronly.

MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrel-las, and Walking Canes, of every description, whole-sale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C.

J. M. ROBINSON,

IMPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves,
Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wilmington, N. C. [30r7-ly]

SAVAGE & MEARES,

CENERAL Commission Merchants and AuctionEERS, Wilmington, N. C.

EDWARD SAVAGE.

GASTON MEARES.

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT,

WILLIAM H. LIFFETT,
WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in
Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds,
Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and
Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wilmington. N. C. 5

PETER M. WALKER,

(Of the late firm of James & Walker,)

INSPECTUR of Naval Stores and Provisions, Wil-

I mington, N.C. Prompt attention paid to all business in his line. [29-v7-3m]

BENJAMIN P. KEITH,

INSPECTOR of Naval Stores and Provisions, Wilmington, N. C. Having had considerable experience in the inspection of Naval Stores, he is prepared to execute any order in his line with promptness and dispatch, and respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

Feb. 28th, 1851

25-12m

(Of the late firm of James & Walker.)
[NSPECTOR of Naval Stores and Provisions, Wilmington, N. C. [29-v7-3m]

DUGALD McMILLAN,

INSPECTOR of Naval Stores and Provisions, Office

Corner of North Water and Chestnut Streets, Wilmington,

N.C.

The usual prompt attention given to all business in his inc.
Feb. 14th, 1351

JOHN S. JAMES.

Wilmington, N. C, May 24, 1850

THOS. F. GAUSE,

REFEREES.

Gen. ALEX. McRAE, President W. & R. R. R. O. G. PARSLEY, President of Commercial Bank.
E. P. HALL, President of State Bank.
JOHN DAWSON, Merchant.
J. & D. McRAE & Co., Merchants.
P. K. DICKINSON & Co., Merchants.

count to this office.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

JUST Received from New York.

50 gross prescription Vials, assorted sizes;
25 boxes 8 by 10 Glass;
25 ' 10 by 12 ''
10 '' 10 by 15 ''
20 '' 10 by 14 ''
10 '' 12 by 18 '' French.

For sale by C. DoPRE, Druggist and Chemist.
Sept. 27, 1850 3-17 TUST Received from New York. I gross Luben's Extracts Jenny Lind;
3 dozon "California;
3 assorted;

gross Sosps;

i "Morpelas; i gross Creme'd Amande;
6 pair Toilette Pots, Bohemian Glass;
12 "fancy Tungents;
And a general assortment of fancy articles usually kept in Drug Stores. For sale by C. DuPRE, Druggist. Sept. 27, 1850

CIGARS: Cigars—Just received from Havana:
Cigars: Cigars—Just received from Havana:
do.
DIGARS: Cigars—Just received from Havana:
Cigars: Cigars—Just received from Havana:
do.
All of boxes superior Regalia Cigars (star brand;)
do.
Source Description do.
All of the above for sale chesp, at the Drug Store of C. DuPRE. Market-st.

THE BENEFITS OF ADVERTISING.

WE learn that Dr. S. P. Townsend has sold out the good will of his Sarsaparilla business, including machinery and raw material on hand, for the large sum of \$100,000.—
This is an illustration of the advantages and benefits of advertising. The purchasers are Messrs. Nostrand & Bach, both wealthy and well known individuals. They have, we understand, employed the celebrated Chemist, Dr. Janes R. Chilton, who will hereafter have the compounding department under his own immediate supervision. They are men of enterprise, and will, no doubt, sustain the character of this celebrated medicine, which has the reputation of being the best preparation of Sarsaparilla made in the United States. The new proprietors, we understand, warrant their article to stand in all climates any length of time, which we have no doubt of, when manufactured by so practical a chemist as Professor Chilton, who is well known to be one of the first chemists in this country.

The public are hereby notified that the preparation extensively known as Dr. S. P. TOWNSEND'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARAPARILA, is now manufactured under my direction and supervision, from the ORIGINAL RECIPE obtained from Dr. S. P. Townsend, and I certify that it is composed of ingredients purely vegetable, and without Mercury—and also that the ingredients are judiciously compounded, so as to obtain from them their greatest medicinal effects.

JAMES R. CHILTON, Chemist.

New York, February, 1850. New York, February, 1850.

JAMES R. CHILTON, Chemist.

New York, February, 1850.

The undersigned, wholesale Druggists in the city of New York, have sold Dr. S. P. Townsend's Compound Extracty of Sausaparilla, for several years, and consider it the Original and Genuine Dr. Townsend's Sarasparilla, and that it was the first introduced to public notoriety under that same Boyd & Paul, 40 Courtlandtest.

Walter B. Townsend & Co., 23 Pearlest.
Leeds & Hozard, 121 Maiden Lane.
John Carle & Co., 183 Water-st.

M. Ward & Co., 83 Maiden Lane.
J. & J. F. Trippe, 22 Maiden Lane.
Graham & Co., 10 Old Slip.
Osgood & Jennings, 188 Pearlest.
R. B. Haviland & Co., 0ffice, 177 Brondway, Jackson, Robins & Co., 134 Water-st.
Thomas & Maxwell, 96 Williamst.
William Underbill, Jr., 183 Water-st.
David T. Lanman, 69 Water-st.
Marsh & Northrop, 69 Pearlest.
Norton, Babcock & Wood, 189 Maiden Lane.
Penfold, Clay & Co., 4 Flotcher-st.
Olcott, McKosson & Co., 127 Maiden Lane.
A, B. & D. Sands, 100 Fultan-st.
Schleffelin Brother & Co., 104 and 106 John-st.
Lawis & Price, 55 Pearlest.
Haviland, Koese & Co., 80 Maiden Lane.
Rishton, Clark & Co., 107 Water-st.
Philip Schieffelin & Co., 107 Water-st.
Jon & Palanca, 96 John-st.
Sherwood & Coffin, 64 Pearlest.
Rust & Houghton, 88 John-st.
L. Minor & Co., 214 Pulton-st.
Ingersoll & Brother, 230 Pearlest.
Joseph E. Trippe, 128 Maiden Lane.
Haydock, Carlies & Clay, 218 Pearlest.
Dr. A. C. EVANS & BROTHER Rare the only wholesnie and retail agents, here, for Dr. S. P. Townsend's limproved Extract of Sarsaparilla, where may be found at all times a large and select stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Patent Modleines, and the many fansy articles usually kept in the largest establishmouts.
Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1850

ULEKY and Harness for sale. Apply at the

SULKY and Harness for sale. Apply at the JOURNAL OFFICP

Wines and Liquors.—12 Baskets very superior high flavored Champagne Wine; 12 boxes Claret. Madeira. Port, Malmsey, &c. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

Port, Malmsey, &c. For sale by HOWARD & PEDEN.

WILKINSON & ESLER would respectfully invite those wishing good Cigars to call and enumine their large assortment. Among them may be found:

10,000 Principe, Justo Sans, good;

20,000 Regalia, Lion, Jeany Lind, and Mensuredo;

10,000 Havana, La Nacional, prime;

10,000 Lady in the Cage, handsome;

18,000 Pautillos La Terrestie, do.

17,000 De La Vuctia, old enough to walk;

20,000 half Regalia. Jicolmoal, very superior;

15,000 Wandering Jews, very cheap;

8,000 El Galleo, fine;

14,000 Le Cathadral;

30,000 low price, various qualities.

Our stock of Cigars, do., is much larger than ever offered in this place, and at lowest cash prices. Call on WILKINSON & ENLER, Market-street.

D bols. Extra Flour, for families;

D bols. Extra Flour, for families;

D base best gross the Collect

March 21]

March 21]

GEO. H. KELLEY R.

A. J. GRADY & MONK,

COMMISSION Merchants, and Dealers in Dry
Coods, Groceries, &c., Hall's Building, North Water
Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Prompt attention will be given to the sale of all kinds of
Country Produce which may be sent to their care.
April 4, 1851

*Fayetteville Observer copy 6 months, and forward account to this office.

J. G. HATCH,

HATCH & BURBANK,

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Tobacco,
Cigars, and Snuff, Front-street, Wilmington, N. C. DAPER Manufacturers and Rag Denlers, 21 North Fifth and 23 Commerce street, Philadelphia. Book, News, Hardware and Manilla Paper made to order. March 14, 1851. O. & G. HOLMES,
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Domestic
Goods, Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Provisions, &c.,
corner of Water and Princess Streets, Wilmington, N. C.
Feb. 14, 1851
23-ly

who wish to make money to the merits of this Sewing Marchine, which tells its own story.

**Orders may be addressed to S. P. POLLEY, Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington, N. C., January 31, 1851

**Observer, Fayetteville; Telegraph, Goldsboro'; North State Whig, Washington; Newbernian, Newbern; Standard and Register, Raleigh; Watchman, Salisbury; will publish

D. McMillan, S. Davis.

D. McMillan, McMillan & Davis, S. Davis.

DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions, Corner of North Water and Chestnut Streets, Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 14th, 1851

23

HANSLEY & CURRIE, Detrice of McCountry Produce, and will make liberal advances on any articles sent to them for sale. Feb. 7th, 1851.

WM. C. HOWARD.

CROCERS, Ship Chandlers, and Commission Mercy Chants, South Water Streets, Wilmington, N. C., will make liberal cash advances on all consignments of produce to them in Wilmington, or to Peter Van Ness & Co., New York.

JOSEPH L. KEEN,

D. McMillan, S. Davis.

S. Davis.

S. Davis.

S. Davis.

Wilmington, N. C., January 31, 1851

21-3m

**Observer, Fayetteville: Telegraph, Goldsboro; North Freeling, M B Freeman, A long one a week, to the amount of \$10 each.

TO TURPENTINE DISTILLERS.

TO TURPENTINE DISTILLERS.

TO TURPENTINE DISTILLERS.

TO TURPENTINE DISTILLERS.

The subscriber would inform the Distillers of Turpentine, that he has now on hand at his Cooper Shop in this place, a supply of seasoned timber, sufficient for the present year; and that those who were disappointed in getting work last year; may rely upon being served this, as he has added greatly to his former arrangements; and having permanently located himself here, he will be enabled to put strict attent to the quality of the work; and should any casks made by him prove bad, he will exchange them, or return the price of such casks: also, from the first of March next, he will deliver them free of charge, at any point in or around Wilmington. M. C., Jan. 17, 1851.

GONTRACTOR and Builder, of the late firm of KEEN

THE subscriber having the assistance of an Avascionad and Henderson, mrs M 82

THE subscriber having the assistance of an Avascionad timber in the precise of the

CONTRACTOR and Builder, of the late firm of KEEN

CONTRACTOR and Builder, of the late firm of KEEN

THE subscriber having the assistance of an experienced
and competent Attorney at Washington City, will forward

\$150 REWARD. WILL give Fifty Dollars for the apprehension and confinement of my negro man JACK, in Jail, so that I can get him. Jack runaway from me last June, and is supposed to be lurking about John Watkins, on Rocky Point, in New Hanover county. He was last heard from in that neighborhood. I will give an additional reward of One Hundred Dollars for evidence that will convict any white person of harboring or employing said Jack. April 4, 1851.—[6tuco] Eleward PIGFORD.

NOTICE.

TAKEN up and committed to Jail in New Hanover county, N. C., on the 25th September, 1850, (as a runaway slave.) a negro man, who says his name is GEORGE AARON. He is about 25 years old, 5 feet

d inches high, black complexion. He came here as a seaman from Boston in September last. He pretends he is free, and says he was raised in Brooklyn, New York. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.

OWEN FENNELL, Sheriff Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10, 1851 \$25 REWARD.

DUNAWAY from the subscriber a negro woman named FANNY MAYNER. Said Fanny is about 28 years of age, a very dark Mulatto, about middle size and likely. She is supposed to be lurking in or about Fayetteville, where she has relatives. Theabove reward will be given for her return to the subscriber or her lodgment in Wilmington jail.

JOSEPH SKIPPER.

Jan. 3d, 1851

17-6m. POTTER & KIDDER,
G. W. DAVIS,
BARRY, BRYANT & ADAMS,
GEORGE HARRISS,

A critical control of the control of the critical contro DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of WARD, MONTFORT & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The unsettled business will be adjusted by the Junior partner. Mr. WM. P. PELLETIER.

G. J. WARD,

EDW'D W. MONTFORT,

WM. P. PELLETIER.

Jacksonville, Onslow co., N. C., Sept. 14, 1850

2-tf

WILLIAM A. GWYER,

CENERAL Agent, Forwarding & Commission MerIn prepared to give all business entrusted to me, efficient and personal attention. I have a wharf for Naval Stores, with ample accommodations, Spirit House, and Warehouse.

Consignments of Naval Stores for sale or shipment, and all kinds of country produce solicited. Cash advances made on consignments.

Williams of Country produce solicited. Cash advances made on consignments.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between CRAFT & GRANT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, on the 12th day of March, 1851.

THOS. C. CRAFT, EDWARD H. GRANT.

The subscriber has bought the entire stock, and is authorized to settle the business, and will continue the GROCERY business at the Old Stand.

THOS. C. CRAFT.

The subscriber has bought the entire stock, and is authorized to settle the business, and will continue the GROCERY business at the Old Stand.

March 14, 1851.

THOS. C. CRAFT.

NOTICE.

I WILL once more remind those indebted to me, that I cannot and will not grant longer indulgence. To save cost you had better call and settle up. If you cannot pay the money, I will take notes, with good security, but would much rather have the cash, as I am in want of it.

Feb. 14, 1851 23-tf] OWEN HOLMES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and style of J. & W. Johnson, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to the late firm, will be required to make immediate payment to J. Johnson.

W. Johnson will continue business at the old stand until the 1st February next, when he will remove his stock of goods to his new store, at the corner of Fayetteville and Sycamore streets.

JOSIAH JOHNSON, WARREN JOHNSON.

Clinton, Jan'y 1st. 1851.

Clinton, Jan'y 1st, 1851. Dr. B. A. KENNEDY, DENTAL SURGEON,

(Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery,)

ESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the

Citizens of Wilmington and public generally. He is
propared to perform, on the latest and most approved principles, all operations in his profession. Incorruptible Artificial
Teeth inserted, from one to an entire set, on gold plate.—

Whole upper set inserted on the atmospheric principle; having made an improvement in this mode of inserting Teeth, he confidently recommends it as answering the purpose of mastication, &c. They can be taken out and put back at pleasure by the wearer, be worn with comfort, and cannot be detected from the natural Teeth. All operations warranted to give satisfaction, and not to be surpassed by any operator in the United States. Irregularities in children's Teeth corrected.

Office formerly occupied by Dr. WARE. 41-12m HOTCHKISS' VERTICAL WATER WIKELS.

J. E. TOOMER is Agent for the above Wheels in this place. He will take pleasure in showing the Castings to any person who may desire to see them.

There will be found at his office a supply of Wheels, Cranks, and Gudgeons, at all times, for sale singly or in pairs.

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1530

Feb. 14th, 1351

ALEX. E. MOTT.

ALEX. E. MOTT.

INSPECTOR of Timber and Lumber, Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1350

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1350

S3-12m

Loudon's wharf.

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1350

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1350

UMBER and Timber. Always on hand, a large quantathe at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

Litty of River Sawed Wide Boards, Flooring, and Scantling. For sale by MILES COSTIN.

March 21, 1851

Wilmington, N. C., April 26, 1350

UMBER and Timber. Always on hand, a large quantathe at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

Loudon's wharf.

For sale low, by PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

Mesey may be remitted per mesey connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the popular dependence of the Mail at Wilmington. The mail from the North, by Railmond, arrive daily about 3. The mail from the North, by Railmond, arrive daily about 3. A. M. The mail from the South, by Scame from Charleston, as a first of the Mail and Payerterille, via Elizabeltown, by mikey. The mail from Payerterille, via Elizabeltown, by mikey and the mail of the North, by Railmond, closes daily at 10 p. The mail from the North, by Railmond, closes daily at 10 p. The mail from the North, by Railmond, closes daily at 10 p. The mail from the North, by Railmond, closes daily at 10 p. The mail for the North, by Railmond, closes daily at 10 p. The

laid and the ment of the sepocial becofit, that he would had and the ment of have it between this and that time. He expect to have it between this and that time. He expect to have it between this and that time. He expect to have it between this and that time. He expect to have it between this and that time. He expect to have it between this and that time. He expect to have his office put in repairs during his absence.

April 4, 1851

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

April 4, 1851

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

EXCELSIOR.

April 4, 1851

EXCELSIOR.

Anderson, Earl A Hollingworts, GW Paderson, Decision of About the rate of the About of About Anderson, Decision.

Anderson, Earl A Hollingworts, GW Paderson, Decision.

Hamilton, WC Paderson, W Paderson, Earl A Hollingworts, GW Paderson, Decision.

Excellent All March. 1831.

A paderson, Earl A Hollingworts, GW Paderson, Decision.

Anderson, Earl A Hamilton, WC Paderson, W Paderson, Decision.

Band Sale Ray and Updated of About Anderson, Decision of Roberts, IN Roberts, IN Roberts, IN Roberts, IN Roberts,

Simmons, C
Stewart, N
Smith, capt J
Thally, H
Thompson, J
Taylor, R N
True, mr
Tucker, R
Tarbox, capt A
Trusty, Rev J
Tucker, Rev J W
Trescot, cant G F

Marsh, T S
Montgomery, R C
Moore, W F
McKeithen, J J
McCullough & Co.,
McKensie, W
McLain, J
McCarty, T 2 McLammy, mrs F McKinsey, J McLenny, J Williams, R 2 Wagener, J C Willis, capt D Whitly, J Whidden, J P McLenny, J Mesick, capt W Nicholls, J Nicholls, W W

Willard, W H 2 Williamson, Wm White, J Williams, B Pitts, E Price, mrs S I Peters, J H Williams, B Ware, B Wines, N N Walis, P Williams, T White, R Walker, mrs M E Wilmington, Young, O W Grisham, J
Gay, S
Heters, J H
Peters, J H
Puncroast, F
Hutchings, capt DII Phinney, L G
Hicks, B W
Henderson, mrs S M
Page, John
Henderson, mrs M
Pigott, capt D P
S Pitt, N G JAS. G. BURR, P. M.

PIANOS! PIANOS!

And competent Attorney at Washington City, will forward and upon moderate terms prosecute all claims of soldiers of 1812 and of the Florida and Moxican wars, their widows and minor heirs, with which he may be entrusted. Blanks and full information furnished upon application (post paid) to EDWARD CANTWELL, Attorney at Law.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Office on Market St., opposite Carolina Hotel, Wilmington, No. Ca.

**Attention to the Moximum And Market St. Office on Market St. WOOD continues to manufacture h PIANOS! PIANOS!! and tone. Prices from \$200 to \$400. Wilmington, N. C., January 24th, 1851.

Hotels, &c.

HOLEIS, &C.

BOARDING,

C'AN be had at the late residence of S. Hoard, on very moderate terms. We have rooms vacant that can not be surpassed for comfort or good bedding. V. R. Peirson and Mrs. P. will superintend the House, and promise to do all in their power to supply the table with the best the market affords.

Y. R. PEIRSON, for MRS. HOARD.

Feb. 7.—[22-tf]

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

ATRS. E. A. FORD, would respectfully inform the public.

SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION

WE have just received our Fall supply of GUNS, comprising the largest and best assortment of Single and Double, Bird, Duck and Deer Guns ever offered in the State. Also, Riffes, Pistols, Premium Caps, Powder Finsks, Shot Pouchos, &c. POLLEY & HART. Guns repaired and made to order.

Oct. 4, 1850.

4-12m FALL FASHIONS.

HATS, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes.

The largest and best selected assortment of the above articles ever before offered in this market, may now be found at the Hat Store of C. MYERS. All persons in want of any of the above articles, would do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere or going North, as they have been selected with care to please his wholesale as well as retail customers.

Wilmington, N. C., August 23d, 1850.

To Dealers and Consumers of Hardware. To Dealers and Consumers of Hardware.

THE entire stock of Hardware of Mr. Lippitt is now
for sale at cost and under at the Hardware Store of the
subscriber. It consists in part of Locks, Hinges, Bolts,
Screws, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Blacksmiths' Bellows,
Vises, Anvils, Frying Pans, and Pot Metal, (that is, Ovens,
Spiders, Skillets, &c.) This is an unusual chance for dealers and others to supply themselves cheap.

J. M. ROBINSON.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 29, 1850

12-tf

NEW TOBACCO, CIGAR, AND SNUFF STORE.

THE subscribers have taken the Store adjoining Messrs.
POLLEY & HART'S, under Mozart Hall, where they intend keeping constantly on hand every variety of Tobacco, Cigars, and Snuff, at wholesale, or in lots to suit purchasers, at such prices as will not fail to please.

Being connected with an established House in Baltimore, they are prepared to fill orders at the shortest notice. To the country trade they offer the strongest inducements.

ST Call and test our articles and prices.

HATCH & BURBANK.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 1, 1850

FLOUR! Flour!!—20 barrels superfine Flour, just received, and for sale low, by PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

SUPERFINE Flour. 150 bbls. fresh ground. For sale by MILES COSTIN, London's wharf. TARMING Implements.—I have just received from the Manufacturers a large lot of Plows of various patterns, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Corn Mills, Churas, Harrows, Fanning Mills—in fact, every thing comprising a complete stock of Farming Implements.

My sample room will be arranged in a day or two, when I will be most happy to see all who are interested in such articles.

ALEX MCRAE, Jr

Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Walking Canes. The subscriber has now on hand a full assertment of Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, all of which will be sold low for each, at wholesale or retail.

C. MYERS, Hatter.

For sale.

A COMFORTABLE dwelling house, with suitable outhouses and a well of good water, 2½ miles from Wilmington, together with 50 or 100 acres of land around it. The house is new and well furnished: two storys high, and has five comfortable rooms. There are about 7 acres of cleared land immediately around the house, 1 acre of which is well improved as a garden spot. The remaining 6 acres are in cultivation, and contain about 100 young apple and peach trees, and 30 flourishing young scuppernong vines. The location is believed to be perfectly healthy. For terms and further information, apply to

B. 1. HOWZE, Esq.

Nov. 29.

A Soldsharoush Talegraph copy tf.

Bouncts cleaned and trimmed March 21.

MISS ELIZA DARBY, late to inform the Ladies of W menced the Dress-Making Bu wins' Lot, corner of Front and twins' Lot, cor

12-tf

Wilmington, N. C., Jan'y 3, 1801 LIST OF BLANKS. County Court Writs; Inspector's Certificates; Certificates of Justices attend Certificates of Justic ing Court; Marriage License; Tax Receipts; Insolvent Notices; Writs of Ejectment; Letters Testamentary; Vendi. Exponas; Ca Sa; Land Deeds;

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. E. A. FORD, would respectfully inform the public, that she has taken the House lately occupied by Mrs. SWANN, as a Boarding-House, and having had it thoroughly repaired, and fitted with new and handsome furniture throughout, she will be enabled to accommodate a number of transient or permanent Boarders in the best mann'er. The House is as pleasantly situated as any in Wilmington, and a number of her best rooms will be reserved for the accommodation of transient visiters. She can confidently bespeak the patronage of those desirous of obtaining a Boarding House of the first class, as she flatters herself that her arrangements cannot be surpassed for comfort and convenience, and no exertion will be spared calculated to add to the happiness and contentment of her guests.

The House is now open for the reception of permanent or day boarders. For terms, apply to Mrs. Form.

*Aurora, Goldsboro' Patriot and Telegraph, and Tarboro' Press copy tf.

Notices to Tax List Receivers; Cheeks, Cape Fear Bank;
Motices to Tax List Receivers; Cheeks, Cape Fear Bank;
Motices to Tax List Receivers; Cheeks, Cape Fear Bank;
Motices to Tax List Receivers; Cheeks, Cape Fear Bank;
Motices to Tax List Receivers; Commission to take Deposition County Court Execution;
Magistrate's do.
Capias ad Respondendum;
Overseer's Appointments:
Overseer's Appointments:
Attachments;
Attachments;
Ca Sa

do. Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'ff Appearance do.
Sh'f

are determined to execute our work well, and at the cheapest rates for cash. Call at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

MILL Saws, Pit Saws, Cross-Cat Saws,
Circular Saws of extra thickness, and the
improved graduated back Hand Saws, of all
kinds and of the best quality, all made for, and
warranted by, J. M. ROBINSON, who keeps
constantly on hand a large assortment of Rice
and Corn Hoes; Turpentine and other Axes;
L. Woon's Patent Round Shaves; best of English Strainer Cloths; and the heavy, fire-proof
Pot Ware, the real old time article. All for
sale cheap, at the Southern Hardware Store of
J. M. ROBINSON,
Late of Baltimore.

'Tis plain that Southern independence is to

'Tis plain that Southern independence is to come of encouraging Southern institutions.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 3, 1851.

BUGGY, Cart, and Wagen Iron Axles, of all JAMES DAWSON & CO.
April 19, 1850 Lime, Lime, Lime. 500 barrels Lincolnville White Lump. Also, Calcined Plaster, Plastering Hair, Fire Brick, and Hydraulic Cement; 1,000 bbls. Lime, &c. For sale by
J. C. & R. B. WOOD,
July 25, 1850]
Contractors and Builders.

TOBACCO, Tobacco. Just received from Baltimore—
40 boxes fine Tobacco, at 17, 18 and 20 cents per lb.;
20 "extra fine" "25, 30 and 35 "
Call immediately, at HATCH & BURBANK'S,
March 22] Next door to Mossra. Polley & Hart's. FLOUR.-150 bbls., 40 half bbls. For sale low, by SAVAGE & MEARES.

GOOD For the Hungry.—

4,000 lbs. Bacon Hams, Sides and Shoulders;
100 bushels of the best eating Irish Potatoes;
10 boxes Soda Crackers;
10 do. Sugar do.;
5 do. Pilot Bread;
200 lbs. best Dried Beef;
59 Beef Tongues at 50 and 62j cents;
1 dos. Pineapple Cheese;
1 "best English do.

At

DAILY Expected. 27 boxes Tobacco; 20,000 Cigars, different brands and quality. For sale very cheap, by HATCH & BURBANK. CUPPER....50 bags Rio, Java, &c. For sale low. by SAVAGE & MEARES.

MESS and Prime Pork. 40 barrels. For salelow, by SAVAGE & MEARES. SOAP and Candles.—100 boxes Colgate's soap;
55 do. Adamantine and Mould Candles;
10 do. Sperm. For sale low, by
SAVAGE & MEARES.

TO HOWARD & PEDEN'S, to ft out, in standing a A running rigging.

Blocks, Hooks, and Thimbles;
Palms and Needles;
In the from heal to truck. Call at
HOWARD & PEDEN'S.
Nos 5, 6, 7 and 8, South Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

Millinery and Dress-Making.

MINISTY AND THE LADIES.

MISS SARAH J. TAGGART begs leave to inform the Ladies of Wilmington and its vicinity, that she has just returned from the North, with a new and fashionable assortment of Spring and Summer Millinary goods, which she has selected with great care, and invites the Ladies to call and ladge for themselves, as she feels confident that they, cannot be lurpassed, and will be disposed of on the most moderate terms.

A Dril 4, 1851

A CARD.

TO The Ladies. MRS. SHAW would inform the Ladies of Wilmington and its vicinity. that she will return from the North about the 25th of March, with a splendid assortment of Millinery and Fancy Articles; also, Mantillas of the latest styles, which she has selected herself, with care, and invites the Ladies to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as she feels assured they need but be seen to be admired. Due notice will be given of her opening day.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY.

A CARD.

CARD.

A CARD.

MILLINERY.

MRS. SARAH H. KELLEY has just returned stock of Bonnets, of the latest style, and all that is required in such a line, and will be sold on the most favorable terms.

Bonnets cleaned and trimmed as usual.

March 21.

28-1m

DRESS-MAKING.

MISS ELIZA DARBY, lately from New York, wishes to inform the Ladies of Wilmington that she has commenced the Dress-Making Business, in the house on Jenkins' Lot, corner of Front and Orange Streets. Ladies favoring her with their custom, can rely on getting suited, as she will have the latest Fashions of Dress sent her from New York.

MRS. SHAW'S RRS. SHAW'S

Tablishment, on Second-street, opposite Mr. O. G. Parsley's. Always on hand, a handsome assortment of Cloaks and Mautilias. of the latest styles.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 22, 1850

11-1y

MRS. BLAUW

Nov. 20.

"ASHIONALE REAL ENTATE FOR SALE."
Ithirty-fare sets of Boxes; the mest of which have 20 only been in set from one to two years; with asselline it quastupon which these are elitated, is not easily surpassed by any
place place and the set of the set of

TLOUR! Flour!: -25 Bbls. Baltimore Flour; 50 do. Fextra Genesee do.; 25 half bbls. do. do. Now landing, and for sale low, by ZENO H. GREENE. Market St.

OAP and Candles.—

25 Boxes Colgate's No. 1 Soap;

10 " Pale "

20 " Candles;

25 "Adamantine do. For sale by Z. H. GREENE, Market St.

COFFEE: Coffee !! Coffee !!!—50 Bags Coffee, Rio, Laguyra and Java. For sale by ZENO H. GREENE. Market St.

SUGAR and Molasses.—20 Bbls. good Brown Sugar; 10 bbls. Clarified do.; 5 do. Crushed do. Molasses in Hhds. and Bbls. of prime quality. For sale low by ZENO H. GREENE, Market St. CIGARS: Cigars: 2-50,000 Cigars, Low and Medium priced. For sale by Z. H. GREENE, Market St. JUST Received.—27 boxes Tobacco, and 20,000 Cigars, different brands and qualities. For sale very cheap, at the sign of the Turk.

HATCH & BURBANK.

Pickles.—100 Dozen Jars Underwood's Pickles, of all varieties, just landed; 1 doz. Mangoes, in Oil, very fine. For sale at HOWARD & PEDEN'S. HOWARD & PEDEV offer to the Town and Country trade, the largest stock, and best assorted in this market, and respectfully request those in want of Groceries, to give them a call, as they feel assured they can compete with any house south of New York.

SUGAR! Sugar! -25 Ilhds. very superior Texas Sugar For sale low, by HOWARD & PEDEN. TOBACCO.—25 Boxes 8's superior Tobacco. For sale low, by HOWARD & PEDEN.

BEESWAX WANTED.

WANTED to purchase, any quantity of Beeswax, for which the highest market price will be given.

April 4, 1851] HOWARD & PEDEN.

TEXAS Molnases.—50 Bbls. more of that fine Texas Molasses. For sale low, by HOWARD & PEDEN. Figure 100 Bbls. and half bbls. Canal Flour. For sale HOWARD & PEDEN.

PLOUGHS and Corn Shellers. 40 No. 101 Ploughs;
15 No. 60 Ploughs;
00 " 114 "
15 Corn 20 " 14 "
10 Corn Shellers;
Plough Bars and Points of all sizes, Sutton's Wrought Iron, will be sold very low, by
PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

NOW Receiving from New York and Baltimore—
125 bbls. Canal and Baltimore Flour;
25 do. Common Whiskey;
28,000 Cigars, different brands and quality;
35 Boxes Tobacco;
15 bbls. imperial Gin. For sale by M. McINNIS.
Chronicle and Goldsboro' Patriot copy.

DAILY EXPECTED.—

25 bbls. Dexters Whiskey;

25 bags Rio Coffee;

20 bbls. Old Monongahela Whiskey;

20 bbls. Rump Pork;

25 boxes Cheese;

30 No. 10 Ploughs. For sale cheap, by

M. McINNIS. JUST Received. 8 bales 4-4 N. C. Sheeting;
5 " Spun Cotton.
For sale cheap, by O. & G. HOLMES.

BEST Selected Goshen Butter. 15 kegs. For sale at retail or by the keg. O. & G. HOLMES.

PRESH Teas. Just received, the best article of imporial, Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black Teas. For sale very low, by O. & G. HOLMES. FLOUR. 50 bbls. Just received from Baltimore a prime article, and for sale cheap, by O & G. HOLMES.

A XES and Satta100 hogs Nails, assorted sizes;
25 boxes Azes, assorted patterns;
10 "Boxing Axes.
O. & G. HOLMES. VINDOAR and Molecore. 20 bbls. Vinegar;
15 hbds. superior retailing Molecore. For sale by
O. & G. HOLMES.

Substitute Loaf, Crushed, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, by the had, barrel, or at retail. For sale low, by O. & G. HOLSIES.

Wine, Brandy, and Whishey. For sale change by

O. & G. HOLMES.

Wine Brandy, and Whishey.

the transfer, forbids a sale unless at par. The Ladies' Benevolent Society will meet tois respectfully requested.

In the last Journal, in giving the names of the West Point Cadets recently appointed, we find District, is spelled Poisson. The name is James AL- alleged fugitive is found. EXANDER FAISON. The error was merely typographi-

DR. WHEELER, brother of Col. John H. WHEE-LER, the author of the forthcoming Sketches of No. Carolina, did us the favor to drop into our sanctum yesterday. One of the Doctor's objects is the collection of facts and circumstances calculated to throw light upon the early history of the State. such facts the resolutions again, and reaffirmed his entire and or circumstances to be embodied in the proposed "Sketches." There are many such facts which may be thus rescued from oblivion, before the remembrance of them has passed away forever, and it is desirable that such facts should be communicated without delay. Any contributions left at this office, election. Mr. Rantoul's competitor is even more will be immediately forwarded to Col. WHEELER.

news in regard to the Boston Fugitive case than that trade with Boston; and we even hear Southern pargiven in another column. There can be little doubt ty papers mumble over forgotten stories of "protecthat the Fugitive will be given up, and it is also tion," for the especial benefit of their "brethren" of more than likely that he will be brought off safe, this same Lynn, where the very children talk abolitioned whether any slave can be brought back from to the Fugitive Slave Law. Confound their soles! Massachusetts without an expense amounting to and upper leathers. more than twice the actual value of the property sought to be reclaimed. Glorious Massachusetts! Long Powers, or The Regulators.

We have been glancing over a novel bearing this title, by J. Weir, Esq., of Kentucky, a copy of which that the issue turned upon the compromise measures has been presented to us by Mr. Peirce, who has it for sale. It is a readable book, and has a good deal of the strength and raciness of the Southwestern character, but the author is rather too oblivious of the rules of grammar and composition. We cannot approve of the adoption of slang words or provincialisms into our language. The use of such by the characters of a novel is right enough, provided they belong to that class by whom these expressions are habitually employed, but the narrative should be free from such vulgarities. Upon the whole, the novel is a very good novel, and written with considerable spirit, as may be seen by a specimen which we give, in the shape of an extract, containing a stirring account of a Kentucky Steeple Chase.

We have received a slip from the office of the Lincoln Courier, giving an account of the finding of ing that Rhode Island is redeemed. We have elected the body of Col. Andrew Morz, of that town, who our entire State ticket by a handsome majority. We disappeared suddenly about the 7th of last month.—

The body was found in the bond of the river where The body was found in the bend of the river, where the wall in the Eastern District. Their candidate, it had floated against the bank, on the 30th of March. if elected at all, is elected to the Thirty-first, or the A jury was empannelled, who gave as their verdict, defunct Congress, (thus read their tickets.) and on-"That ANDREW Morz, on the night of the 7th of ly to that by a very meagre majority. Mr. Thurs March, 1851, about the hour of 8 o'clock, left the lent candidate for Governor. Mr. Allen, walks over house near the factory of Motz, Barrett & Co., on the course far in advance of his competitor. The his way homewards, by way of the bridge at the vote is a full one. and the victory is all the more Mill of Capt. SLADE; the night being dark and storwe feel confident that we shall have the Senate by my, and that by causes to this jury unknown, he got into the water at or near the bridge, and met his of the House also. death by drowning." There were no marks of violence, and there is every reason to suppose that the They have not shrunk from their duty in a single drowning was purely accidental.

"CANNON."-A communication signed "Cannon," and dated Wilmington, appears in the last Marion Star. If we may judge from the effrontery displayed in the communication, this "Cannon" contains a good deal of brass. The writer asserts that Mr. ASHE has been brought out for re-election to Conthe district, we presume it is pretty much confined to those who fancy themselves "Cannon," but are only pop-guns. Mr. Ashe announces bimself a candidate for re election, subject to the action of a Convention. He is at the disposal of the people, who will judge of his merits without any reference to the cannon law. "Cannon" also makes some reference to the Journal, coupled with a blasphemous invocation of the Deity and a rhapsody about Mr. Caltion of the Deity and a rhapsody about Mr. Caltion of 61,504. Indian outrages are continually oc HOUN, which, as it amounts to nothing, we let pass for what it is worth, and say no more about it.

AUCTIONEERS .- Messrs. G. W. DAVIS, M. CRONLY. and S. M. West, have been appointed Auctioneers by the Commissioners of this town, to serve till the first Monday in April. 1852 .- Commercial, yesterday.

Our notice of the state of things in the 8th District, has been differently received by the different papers of that District. The Goldsborough Telegraph thinks we are mistaken in our supposition that the whig party in that district is split up. We think we are not, and every day strengthens us in from a letter written by James Logan to Hannah our opinion. Indeed the varying and discordant tone of the percent and resolutions of country rest. The extract upon the meeting to again pass the resolution passed tone of the reports and resolutions of county meetwas made from a letter book in Logan's own handwriting, now in the possession of the Historical Sosiadow of a doubt. We have no doubt that Mr. Washington is a man of talents and a gentleman; but we repeat, he is not politically a strong man, but is the very reverse; and if he be the candidate of his party, the result in August will prove the correctness of our opinion. But Mr. Washington, we presume, is about as strong as any other whig in the district. Any respectable—any true democrat can be elected if all the democrats only do their duty.

Washington is a man of talents and a gentleman; but we repeat, he is not politically a strong man, but is the very reverse; and if he be the candidate of his party, the result in August will prove the correctness of our opinion. But Mr. Washington, we presume, is about as strong as any other whig in the district. Any respectable—any true democrat can be elected if all the democrats only do their duty.

Washington is a man of talents and a gentleman; but writing, now in the possession of the Historical Society. Where it may be consulted.

T. T.

"The Proprietor, in a will left with me at his departure hence, gave all his negroes their freedom; but that is entire-freedom; but that is entire from the hence, gave all his negroes their freedom; but that is entire-freedom; but that is entired to the hence, gave all his negroes their freedom; but that is entire freedom; but t

CONNECTICUT .-- The general election for Governor. members of Congress and of the Legislature, and other officers, was held in Connecticut on Monday last. The returns show that the democrats have carried the State, having elected their Governor, a majority of the Legislature, and of the Congressional delegation. This will ensure the election of a national democrat as United States Senator in place of Baldwin, abolitionist and whig.

groes on some of the plantations in the interior and interior and amounted to this: Depositions of persons in Savannah were presented, substantiables started, and was making head way. We shall the main fact that Sims is a slave, belonging to Mr. Potter, and that both Sims and his brother had, in the hearing of deponents, acknowledged this.—

in." and thro self-respect would have prevented his acceptance of the unexpired term of Mr. WEBSTER in the United rest of an alleged fugitive slave at Boston, named States Senate, which was to be purchased by the Thomas Sims, the stabbing the officer who arrested pectation they were disappointed, and Mr. RANTOUL, arrest in that city. to the chagrin of his friends, and his own enduring accounts of the affair in the Boston papers, together

disgrace, made his appearance within six or seven with later telegraphic intelligence, all of which we days of the adjournment of Congress, and of course sum up briefly as follows : got his mileage, to and from Washington, as well the constructive mileage for the extra session of the Senate. As he deserved, he was treated coldly by all parties, and even HALE himself did not appear willing to associate with him. We find him now a candidate for Congress from the 4th district of Massachusetts. At a meeting recently held in Lyceum Hall, Lynn, Mr. RANTOUL introduced the annexed resolutions, and supported them in a speech of two hours in length:

Resolved. That the constitution of the United States he not conferred upon Congress the power to enact any law authorizing officers of the United States to determine the slavebeen unknown to him. He has walked about our worth of Manchester Stock for an amount of the old dy or freedom of persons found within the territory of any Road Stock, which would not bring fifty thousand State, and to convey them out of the State wherein they are dollars, if thrown into market, and which cannot be found to be held as slaves in another State.

Resolved, That no person in any State of this Union can used even at that rate, as the law which authorizes be lawfully deprived of his liberty without due process of service, is a suit at common law, wherein the fact, whether day at Masonic Hall, at 11 A. M. A full attendance said fugitive was lawfully held to service in the State from where Deputy Marshal Byrnes was in waiting with which he is alleged to have escaped, shall be determined by a trial by jury.

Resolved, That such trial by jury should precede the delivery, into the hands of the party claiming him, of such allegthat the name of Mr. Faison, the Cadet from this ed fugitive, and should be had in the vicinity where the said

Resolved, That in the determination of the question of liberty, all presumptions of law and fact are and ought to be in

Resolved, That the fugitive slave law enacted by the Con gress lately expired, contravening these principles, is unjust unconstitutional, in derogation of the fundamental maxims of free government, and ought to be speedily and forever re

At the close of his remarks, Mr. RANTOUL read angualified concurrence in them. The meeting which, although purporting to be a meeting of the people of the district, was in fact a free-soil affair all through, adopted the resolutions unanimously, and resolved to support Mr. RANTOUL at the approaching fanatical. There is no soundness in Massachusetts There was no Northern Mail yesterday North upon this question. All are alike corrupt and unof Weldon, consequently we are without any later principled; but it seems as though the South will spite of any mob which may attempt a rescue, but tion; and the men, as they hammer their soles, wax this will be about the last. It may fairly be ques- excited upon the subject, and threaten to put an end

> RHODE ISLAND ELECTION .- The Democratic victory in Rhode Island is one of the most gratifying political events of the day, having been achieved without compromise or amalgamation. It is said the democratic candidates having come out in favor of sustaining the measures of the last Congress, while their whig competitors were opposed to them-especially the fugitive slave law.

NINTH DISTRICT .-- Dr. HENRY M. SHAW, of Currituck, has been nominated by the Democratic District Convention for the Ninth District, as the Democratic candidate for Congress from that District.

From the Providence Post, April 3.

A Democratic Governor-A Democratic Lieutenant Governor—A Democratic Secretary of State—A Democratic Attorney General—A Democratic general Treasurer -- A Democratic member of Congress-A Democratic Senate, (probably,) and a fair prospect of a Democratic House!
We have only time to say to our readers this morn-

one majority, and that we stand a tolerable chance

Our democratic friends have done well-nobly town. In our city-the very hot-bed of whiggerythey have fought a nobler battle than ever be They labored earnestly and perseveringly, and the

result is creditable to them and to their cause. Below we give the returns from all but two towns Mr. Allen's majority will be nearly one thousand. The others upon the ticket have from five to eight hundred majority. Our returns are received by tel-

egraph and express, in connexion with the Journal is certainly news, since no movement of any kind has been made here upon the subject. As for the dissatisfaction which the writer says exists throughout the district, we presume it is wretten and to the wife age of the defence then announced that they laws of New England. He asked the meeting to pass the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the his father when he was five months old; that his arrest or rendition of a fugitive slave. I am, he said, free papers are now in the possession of Morris Potsage of the defence then announced that they laws of New England. He asked the meeting to pass the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the last father when he was five months old; that his arrest or rendition of a fugitive slave. I am, he said, free papers are now in the possession of Morris Potsage of the defence then announced that they laws of New England. He asked the meeting to pass the document of the defence then announced that they had no evidence to offer. An affidavit of the fugitive the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the papers are now in the possession of Morris Potsage of the defence then announced that they had no evidence to offer. An affidavit of the fugitive the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the passes of the defence then announced that they had no evidence to offer. An affidavit of the fugitive the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the passes of the defence then announced that they had no evidence to offer. An affidavit of the fugitive the resolve, each for himself, that they would hold forevermore as infamous, any one who aids in the papers are now in the possession of Morris Potsage of the defence that they had no evidence to offer. Thurston

> VERY LATE AND INTERESTING FROM SANTA FE.-Sr. Louis, April 3 .- Santa Fe dates to the 19th February are received by the arrival of Major Cuningham, Army Paymaster. The news is unimportan curring, and much danger is apprehended in the The Apache and Utch tribes are said to have leagued for the purpose of intercepting Santa Fe traders. A party of Americans going from Brown's train to Fort——, were attacked by some Pawnee Indians. The Americans having been reforced, repulsed the Indians with considerable loss

William Penn's Slaves.

MR. EDITOR-There existed a dispute some time ago as to whether or not William Penn was a slaveholder at the time of his death. The following extract, was made from a letter book in Logan's own hand-

REPORTED OUTBREAK IN CUBA .- The New Orleans

Picayune, of the 28th ult., says:

"We heard several rumors yesterday of an outbreak in Cuba. One report had it that the negroes on some of the plantations in the interior had

election of SUMNER for the full term : but in this ex- him, and the subsequent excitement caused by the We have since received detailed

> The Arrest of the Fugitive. The Boston Bee, of Friday last, says:
>
> Sims came to this city on the 7th of March last, not quite four weeks since. During this time he has been stopping at a colored seamen's boarding-house kept by James Aiken, Nos. 153 and 155 Ann-street. He is 23 years old, has a wife and several children in Savannah, and is said to be a very bright, intelligent looking negro-one who, from his manners and general appearance, would not be taken for a slave. Only yesterday he received a letter from his wife ing arrangements which were being made to

He had determined, it is said, not to leave Boston streets freely during the day and night, during the past four weeks, and was last evening on a customary leisure walk when he was arrested and conveyed

The whole force proceeded, towards Endicott st. law, which process, in the case of an alleged fugitive from where a concerted plan was divulged. As soon as arrested, Sims was to be brought to the Mansic a coach, in order that the utmost speed might be used to convey him into close custody. He at first supposed that he was arrested for drunk-

enness, but as he reached the Court-House the true nature of the case was made known, when the cry of kidnapper was raised, and the prisoner drew a knife and stabbed officer Buckman in the groin. This arrest, performed with so much celerity and

o little noise, proves that Marshal Devens can perform his difficult and responsible duty with admirable certainty and perfection; and we opine with a great deal of confidence that the after-management f this case will show that law, order, and good gov ernment can be carried out in Boston, and that ound public sentiment will sustain it.

Arrest of Fletcher Webster. Late on Thursday night, after the arrest of the fugitive, and when considerable excitement prevailed among the blacks, a fire occurred in Union stree While watchman Estabrook was ringing the bell o King's Chapel. Fletcher Webster, Esq., came in and represented that the alarm was probably given by persons who wished to collect a mob in consequence f the arrest of a fugitive, and desired the watchman to desist from ringing the bell. This the officer re-fused to do, when Mr. Webster assaulted him, and attempted to draw him from the bell rope. The watchman called for help, and Mr. Webster was ta-ken to the centre watch-house, and finally to jail. Mr. Webster appeared before the police court on

Saturday morning, and by his counsel asked for a delay of the proceedings. This was granted, and the matter was postponed one week, Mr. W. giving bail in \$200 to appear at that time and answer to a charge of assaulting a watchman.

Meeting of Abolitionists, Treason, &c.
An inflammatory call for a meeting of the Aboliday afternoon, and a large crowd soon assembled on the Common.

sented in the Legislature: "That the use of the State House yard be granted to the citizens of Massachusetts, to hold a public to admit Mr. Sewall into the building. Mr. Sewall the arrest of a citizen of Massachusetts, under the dared Mr. Riley, upon his peril, to refuse him.-

Mr. Keith, of Roxbury, moved that it be laid under the table.

141 yeas to 113 nays. ointed Chairman.

of the court-house in chains. He hoped the people would come in from the country in such solid umns as to block up the streets and prevent the furitive from being carried off, except over their heads. le rejoiced that the law could not be executed, except at the point of the bayonet, and behind chains. They won't dare to carry the fugitive out of the closed to them, and hoped that they would make the elms of the Common resound to the declaration, that law or no law, constitution or no constitution, chains or no chains, this law shall not be enforced the locomotives, tear up the rails, follow the fugitive over act. to the borders of the State, if possible, to rescue him. He counseled every colored man who had ever felt the chains of Southern oppression, to fill his pockets with pistols, &c.. and, as far as he was able, he would end. He urged the meeting to hold itself in readimeans to try this issue, and we have the right to dis-

The meeting here adjourned to Tremont Temple, shore at South Boston, by forcing the lock of the where the Rev. Theodore Parker was called up. He cabin, and stealing the brig's boat; that he told them said that when he passed the court-house this morning, and saw the chains which encompassed it, he fore they sailed. This closed the evidence for the imagined that he was in Vienna, and not in Boston claimant. under martial law, and certainly not under the

A Scotchman, named M'Clure, denounced as a coward any man who would allow his arm to hang lected about the court house. No violence is maniposely by his side while a fugitive was being carried fested. off. He counseled no violence, he said, but soon af-terwards cried out—" Liberty or death—resistance to tyranny is obedience to God."

The Rev. Mr. Colver next said that the law was so obnoxious and inhuman that he would trample it under his feet. He went for absolute disobedience. He also would counsel no violence, but he asked the Arrest of Marshal Tukey-Military in Readinessassembly to meet to-morrow, at the court-house, in their strength. The people from the surrounding country would be there; he would be there, and it his presence on such an occasion was inconsistent with his clerical profession, he would unfrock him-

Examination on Friday. The testimony taken at the exam day, we find thus briefly summed up in the New York Commercial:
The evidence on behalf of the claimant, at the ex-

a strong guard of police, the Supreme Court, in bank, having upanimously refused a writ of habeas corpus. It seems probable that the counsel for the ed. The argument was then resumed before the U. fugitive cannot set aside this testimony, although they declare their intention to prove Sims free, even ander the laws of Georgia. The testimony on behalf of the claimant, however, seems so very direct and conclusive, that we apprehend the commission
in argument was then resumed before the U.

S. Commissioner. Rantoul is now proceeding to arrive they declare their intention to prove Sims free, even gue the case at great length. Swords and other arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often and conclusive, that we apprehend the commission
for the declare their intention to prove Sims free, even gue the case at great length. Swords and other arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often and conclusive, that we apprehend the commission
for the declare their intention to prove Sims free, even gue the case at great length. Swords and other arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often arms, sufficient to arm a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often arms, sufficient to arms arms and other arms are sufficient to arms a hundred police, have been forwarded from the Navy Yard to the Marshal's often arms are sufficient to arms are sufficient to arms and other arms are sufficient to arms and other arms are sufficient to arms arms are sufficient to arms are sufficie and conclusive, that we apprehend the commissioner. Mr. Geo. T. Curtis, will pronounce the claim es-

Security of the Slave—the Military, &c. The court house on Friday night was still surrounded with chains, and guarded by a large body of police officers. The fugitive is in a room in the third story, which is secured by six two-inch iron bolts The square around the court house was cleared once or twice of the crowd collected, by detachments of the city watch—and one or two who refused to stir were taken into custody. Sixty resolute men guar ded the court house upon the inside, and others were ready at the different watch houses upon the least slarm. No blacks were to be seen abroad. Knots of men were collected all over the city discussing the matter. The great majority were in favor bedience to the law. The agent of the owner re fused to sell the slave. His orders are to take him ut of Massachusetts to test the law.

A body of 250 U. S. troops, with two pieces of ordinance, were kept in readiness at the Charleston Navy Yard. This, in addition to the 100 of the po lice and the city watch, fully armed inside the court house, were considered as abundantly sufficient to repel any demonstration at a rescue. Writ of Habeas Corpus refused.

Pending the hearing before the commissioner, Friday, Mr. Sewall went before the Supreme Judi-cial Court, were Chief Justice Shaw, and Justices Metcalf, Fletcher and Bigelow were hearing arguments, and presented a retition for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of Sims. The petition set forth the facts, and stated the process by which the United States marshal held Sims in custody, and the law under which he professed to act.

After conferring with the other members of the court on the bench, the chief justice said, in sub-

"We have always made it a rule not to grant writ of habeas corpus when it is apparent, from the petition presented, that if the prisoner were brought before us we should have to remand him again into the hands who hold him. Such is the case with this etition. It sets out the grounds of the alleged holding in custody, and they are sufficient. It is not in our jurisdiction to try the question whether or not he is a fugitive from labor, on habeaus corpus, in this case. The writ is therefore refused." Mr. Sewall now asked if the court would hear an

argument upon the constitutionality of the fugitive lave act, and the chief justice replied that they had already decided the case. Arrest of one of the counsel

About two hours after the arrest of Sims on Thurs day night, the fact became known to Samuel E tionists in front of the State House appeared on Fri-Sewall and others of like mind, and they proceeded ay afternoon, and a large crowd soon assembled on to the court house. Finding Mr. Riley, the deputy marshal, on the steps, Mr. Sewall went up to him, and demanded to know if Sims was there, and to be permitted to see him, if he was. Mr. Riley told him he knew nothing about the facts, and had no right meeting in the afternoon, to take into consideration again demanded admittance as counsel for Sims, and operation of the Fugitive Slave law, and to devise From his questions it seemed that he suspected that proper and legal measures for the defence and protection of citizens of Massachusetts."

From his questions it seemed that he suspected that proper and legal measures for the defence and protection of citizens of Massachusetts." Mr. Cushing, of Newberry, spoke in opposition to the petition, and moved that it be laid on the table. man passed by. Mr. Riley called to him, and, pointing to Mr. Sewall, said—" Take this man away."— The motion to lay it on the table was carried by The watchman did so, conveying Mr. Sewall to the watch house, where he displayed considerable excite-The meeting, on the Common, was called to order ment for about half an hour. He tried to get some inted Chairman.

Wendell Phillips addressed the meeting. He spoke watch, having assured him that there was no danger that the examination of Sims would be undertaken during the night, Mr. Sewall became somewhat composed, and was allowed to go home.

Boston up to noon on Saturday:

BOSTON, April 5 .-- The excitement growing out of about the court house

The court came in at ten o'clock. The room was crowded. Some excitement was shown, but no fears were entertained of the abolitionists committing any

The proceedings this morning were confined to the evidence showing Sims to be the property of the principal witness this morning.

The captain, mate, and a sailor of the brig M. & J. C. Gilmore, were examined, and testified that ness, with all the means at its command, to endeavor they left Savannah, for Boston on the 22d Feb.; that to stop to-morrow the execution of this statute. The they saw Sims on the wharf at Savannah a few days government and legislature have refused us the before sailing; that he asked the cook for a situation and was refused; when off Boston light, the

obey it and meet the consequences. When priests and statesmen are traitors, the people must take up the reins.

The trait was found by the mate hid in the forecasate; the take was confined in the vessel by the Captain while in the harbor, but managed to escape on

arrest or rendition of a fugitive slave. I am, he said, free papers are now in the possession of Morris Potter, of Savannah; and that he desires delay to obtween the African kidnapper and the Boston kidnapper. There are at present three kidnappers in alleged master, until yesterday morning. No notice Boston, find them out, and point at them as they was taken of this paper.

pass in the street—make them sick of Boston. He understood, from good authority. that they were intending to arrest two more fugitives to-night. He right of a commissioner to sit upon the case, trial by urged the meeting to form a vigilance committee, jury, &c., and asked a postponement until Thursday. and keep a watch upon the movements of the blood. The court would only grant till Monday, at 12

o'clock. when the argument will be heard.

The city remains quiet, but a large crowd is col-The clerk of the Police has notified the United

States Commissioner, that Thomas Sims, the alleged fugitive, is a witness in a case to be tried at the next term of the criminal court, and that he cannot be

Mr. Rantoul's Argument-Congressional Contest boston, April 7, 2 P. M.—The Abolitionists are

doing everything in their power to impede the execution of the fugitive law, and to embarrass, as much

of the Court was that the writ ought not to be grant-

force will guard him to the care. Boston, April 7, 11 P. M.—After the U. S. Court his evening, and while Marshal Tukey policemen were reconducting the agent ant, and Mr. De Lyon, police officer of djourned th of the clai

From the Baltimore Sun. Arrival of the Steamer Georgia-Fourteen Days Later from Californ

The Senatorial Contest-Failure to Elect - Summary Trials-Execution of a Murderer-Business Affairs -Success of the Miners -- Terrible Steamboat Acci-

NEW YORK, April 7, 9 P. M.—The steamship Georgia, Capt. Porter, arrived this evening from Havana, bringing the California mails and sixty passengers, brought by the steamer Falcon. The Falcon left Chagres on the 29th of March, and owing to the non-arrival of the mails at Chagres, she left before all the passengers got across. There were a large number of vessels at Havana loading with su-

The dates from San Francisco are to March 11th. The Courier says that the efforts made by the Legislature to elect a United States Senator, in place of Col. Fremont, have proved ineffectual. When the Convention first met, the prominent whig candidates vere Hon. T. Butler King and Hon. John Wethered, and the democratic candidates were Col. Fremont and Mr. Heydenfelt. Mr. Wethered finally abandoned the contest, and it was narrowed down to the three others named. After nearly 150 ballotings, the Convention finding it impossible to make a choice, adjourned till the 1st of January next. King had the highest vote on the last ballot, but lacked 6 or 8 rotes of an election. Heydenfelt was the favorite of of intimacy with his wife. The brother of the murthe democrats. Fremont, who commenced with on-ly a half dozen votes, gradually increased in strength until, before the Convention adjourned, his vote equalled that of Heydenfelt. On the last day the knowledged the justice of the demand, and summoning latter withdrew, and Col. Weller was substituted in the plaintiff into his presence, delivered the following his place, who received exactly the vote before given to the withdrawing candidate. A good deal of feeling existed on the subject, and the Scnatorial question will enter largely into the next political

On Sunday, 23d of February, San Francisco was in a tremendous state of excitement on account of manslayer? Accept the price of blood, which is lawthe anticipated execution by the populace of two noted scoundrels, Stuart and Wirdred, for nearly noted scoundrels, Stuart and Wirdred, for nearly murdering Mr. Hanson, a respectable merchant of this place, and robbing him of \$2,000. A meeting of citizens was called, several of our most influential and wealthy men presided, and the prisoners were given a fair trial by jury; the jury, however, disagreed, and the officers of justice took possession of he culprits.

cramento city a similar affair occurred, but the offender did not escape so easily. Frederick Roe, a noted gambler, shot through the head a Mr. Chas. Myers for interfering to put an end to a quarrel in which he was engaged. A meeting of the citizens was called, in which the most prominent and influential men took part. Roe was tried, convicted, and in less than five hours after the commission of the crime, he was hung in the presence of an assemblage f thousands. Business was still dull, and the arrivals at San

Francisco of foreign shipping had greatly fallen off within the last fortnight. The miners were doing very well throughout the

State, and an increased amount of gold was expected which those here assembled will gladly give." There has been but very little rain in San Franeisco, though the interior had been more favored in this respect.

A terrible accident occurred, by which the steamboat Santa Clara was completely destroyed by fire, and the steamer Hartford damaged to the extent of Examination on Saturday Morning—case postponed. and the steamer Hartford damaged to the extent of The tollowing despatch gives the intelligence from \$80,000. The Santa Clara took fire first, and was burned to the water's edge. Three of the crew were burned to death, and Mr. Kennedy, one of the ownthe slave case continues to-day as great as ever, and ers, narrowly escaped, after being severely burnt. an immense crowd, principally whites, gathered The Hartford caught from the Santa Clara.

The steamer Reindeer, recently built at New York to run on the North River in opposition to the Hud-son River Railroad, made her first trip from New York to Albany on Monday. Under adverse circumstances, she made the run from Piermont to Poughkeepsie, a distance of forty-nine miles, in two hours Potter. Mr. Bacon, attorney for the claiment, was and twenty-six minutes. Her captain thinks that hour.

> WANTS A SITUATION .- To do almost any thing, young man about thirty years of age who has travemployment in some legitimate business; he has verified, in his own experience, the truth of the proverb, that "a rolling stone gathers no moss," having been clerk in a retail and wholese crockery store, sold ginger cakes on commission, worked on a farm, tended bar. kept books, sold cabbages, dug clams, sionally, taught high school, been on the stage, made stump speeches, written plays, loafed considerably, been clerk on a steamboat and advertised for a circus. He knows a good many people in a good many places, has a good address and is considered good looking by the ladies. He reads French and Spanish, understands music and plays well on the barrel organ. Has managed a museum and been sexton to a church. Is willing to work for a small of a w salary, but will take a large one if he can get it .-Any person wishing his services can obtain furthe information by addressing "Genius," at this office.

WE THOUGHT SO .- An exchange paper says, the man who refused to take his paper out of the post office, so as to be able to get clear of his former subscription bill, is on his way to California in company with a free negro. He takes the route around South America and goes in a soap gourd, with the expecta-tion that the flies will blow him across.

EXTRAORDINARY SUICIDE.—We announced a few of York, Pa., in the cars, on his return from Harrislearn from the York Gazette that he did not die in the cars, having gone to Harrisburg and returned on horseback, being taken sick with vomiting and purfaign on his way back. He finally reached home at about 10½ o'clock at night—refused to lie down—would not permit his family to summon medical aid—and died at about 3½ o'clock on Thursday morn—'You old scoundre!' exclaimed Abner, 'why do

We learn, that on Saturday night last, a most dai ing robbery was committed at Mr. Lonergan's Grocer

We learn, that on Saturday night last, a most daring robbery was committed at Mr. Lonergan's Grocery broken up.—Knickerbocker.

We learn, that on Saturday night last, a most daring robbery was committed at Mr. Lonergan's Grocery near the centre of our village. Mr. Lonergan had gone to an exhibition at the Court House, and while a beautiful the successful accomplishment of his burglarious a regument was simply a reiteration of his late Lynn speech, his sole ground of defence being the unconstitutionality of the fugitive slave law.

After he had concluded, Chief Justice Shaw said that he would adjourn the ease till 3 o'clock, when the Court would give its decision.

There appears to be no doubt that Sims will be delivered to his master, and a military escort will probably accompany him to New York, to prevent a feet of the to amount of \$5,000.

We learn, that on Saturday night last, a most daring the forcery in the Lonergan's Grocery broken up.—Knickerbocker.

Lynn. Speech, his contents, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to an exhibition at the Court House, and while done to the father of lies," remarks Swift, "be seems, like other great inventors, to have lost much of his reputation by the cluster of the successful accounts and the fastening over the window. The money drawer with its contents, money, accounts, under another name, in Liberia. The negroes are discovered. We understand, that an individual who have the proposed of the successful accounts and

The following eard in the Providence Post, of Monwill be remembered that he was charged with having declared in favor of the "leading Whig measures," and also with the Whige of the United States. His card has the merit of frankness at least:

Editor of the Providence Daily Journal:

Having seen the letters published in your paper o Friday last, relating to me, I deem it an act of person, said that I was a Whig. 2d. On the contrary Democratic than another, I consider that which, by such means, compels the rich to give employment and support to the poor to be such. 4th. I am in favor of internal improvements by the General Governmentespecialy on our southern and Western waters, so far as the same can be carried out consistently with the Savannah, with the witnesses, to their hotel, James
Randolph, the negro who caused the arrest of Martry demand. These two measures I consider as the story, which is secured by six two-men from botts upon the inside. Several military companies were at their armories in readiness for action, in case of any disturbance or attempt at rescue. Indeed, every precaution has been taken to prevent a second Shadar was caught by an officer, and he was arrested arm was caught by an officer, and he was arrested arm was caught by an officer, and he was arrested arm was caught by an officer, and he was arrested arm was caught by an officer, and he was arrested arm years since on principle. This is all I consider to be embraced in my note to the Hon. Wm. Sprague, and it was so regarded at the time it was written. These measures are, in my estimation, not only Whig, but Democratic; lying at the very foundation of our national prosperity and greatness; especially that of protection to our industry.

he se to be to hi sim the many teur rare. relati couni chase want condibirth he su escut ary, move field coun living Loo nature to ch

famous the continuous transfer of red continuous transfer of real and whice Cath

man
Pr
not t
usua
fami
lived
amor
Hene
Oxfo
whic
doue
ish A

I regret exceedingly the necessity which compels me to appear in the public press in my own behalf, and was induced to hope I should he left free to ex-ert what little ability and influence I might possess for the benefit of our State and Country in accordance with my best judgement, independently of party dicta-tion; and I still ho'd the fixed determination, without deference to such dictation, to pursue such a line of conduct as in my judgment may best comport with the true interests of our common country. Thus much I have said in justice to myself and others; and shall leave my course in the Senate of the United States to speak for itself when the time may come

CHAS T. JAMES. Philadelphia, March 17, 1851

Capital Punishment in Morocco. A late letter from Tangier has the following account of a case of capital punishment :- In my last I believe gave you an account of a Moorish execution. Aninstance of capital punishment here was attended with the following singular circumstances. A Moor of the village of Sharf had shot with a pistol, in the market at Tangier, a fellow villager whom he suspected the murderer. The Sultan heard the complaint, ac-

"We grant you our permission to take the life of the murdered of your brother, with the same instrument of death with which he was assassinated, and on the same spot, and at the same hour of day. "But," added the Sultan, "why seakest thou also to be a payment from our Sherefian hands, and two hundred mitzakel shall be the sum."

To this the plaintiff replied: " Can that sum purchase me a brother?" 'Go thy way," said the Sultan; "we have heard and understood, a letter will be given you by the viz-

ier in which our mandate shall be written.' Furnished with the sentence of death, the man returned to Tangier, and presented it to the Governor. On the same day of the week, and at the same hour. the murderer was brought out of prison and seated on the very spot where he had taken his fellow villager's life, while crowds of people attended to witness his death. The pistol was now given to the brother of the murdered man, who loaded it, went up to the criminal walked slowly round him, and said-" In the presence of God and man, I call upon you to answer me truly : Didst thou slay my brother?" To this the criminal replied, "I did." One of the multitude now stepping forward, addressed the brother of the murdered man: "Accept the price of blood;" said he, "and I promise you one hundred ducats in addition,

Worthless words," said the villager; and again he walked round his victim. Again he asked him the question, and again the same, reply was given. A second offer was now made of two hundred ducats; and again the villager walking around the criminal, repeated his question, adding, "Say what thou believest; I am about to take thy life."

" That God is God, and Mahomed is the Prophet of God," responded the criminal. Scarcely were the words uttered, when the pistol was discharged. The muzzle had been placed at the small of the back, being the same spot where he had shot the man for whom he was now about to die; but the wretched criminal, although mortally wounded, did not expire for some hours.

ROMANISM IN ENGLAND -We observe that the Rev. Henry Wilberforce, son of the celebrated philanthropist, has with his wife and children gone over to the Church of Rome. A Roman journal claims that there she will be able to accomplish twenty-five miles an are 2000 clergymen of the church of England waiting for the completion of the Romish Church organized in England to join her ranks.

RESULT OF FASHIONABLE DISSIPATION.—The New elled some and seen the elephant, though he has Yorker mentions the lamentable denouement of a young never been to California. He wishes to obtain steady lady in high life, daughter of a clergyman, who was Yorker mentions the lamentable denouement of a young recently married to a gentleman of fortune, and went to Paris with her husband, where she plunged into the gayetics of that splended city, till her husband became larmed, and sent for her father, but it was too late. The father and the husband returned to New York sadder and wiser men, the former to ponder over the truth raked oysters, edited three newspapers, lectured on mesmerism, practiced law and medicine, taught singing school, groomed a stallion, preached occaalways a beautiful wife, and that gayety and jewels go but a little way to make a home happy. The husband has taken counsel, and the courts will do justice. In the mean time the fallen beauty remains in Paris, protected by her charms, and apparently elated by the sensations she has made in that gay and voluptuous

> A WESTERN STUMP ORATOR.—The subjoined anedote of a demagogue candidate for the Legislature of a western state, a man of low moral stature, has been sent us by a new correspondent:

There was a 'stump speaking,' and Abner G.
D—had the platform, enlightening the 'unterrified' long and loudly. 'Fellow-citizens,' said he, 'I now come to a slanderous rumor which has been most dastardly circulated against me from one end of the county to the other. of the county to the other. My enemies, not content with endeavoring to ruin my political prospects, have assassin-like attempted to blast my good name by their insiduous reports.' Abner then stated what the rumor was, and continued, 'I rejoice, fellow citizens, to have it in my power instantly to fasten days since the sudden death of William Calander, of York, Pa., in the cars, on his return from Harrisburg, where he had just taken out a policy of insu-rance on his life for the sum of \$5,000. We now learn from the York Gazette that he did not die in

with his clerical profession, he would unfrock himself; he denounced those of his brother ministers who had counseled obedience to the fugitive slave law as traitors to the country and their God. and called upon the meeting to again pass the resolution passed at Faneuil Hall, that, "constitution or no constitution, law or no law, no fugitive slave shall be carried out of Massachusetts."

After some further inflammatory speeches, the meeting adjourned with the understanding that they were to meet at 10 o'clock on Saturday around the cause of conspiracy to kidnap. They promptly gave bail to another their discharge of their dust of a possible, the officers in the discharge of their dust of a possible, the officers in the discharge of their dust of a possible, the officers in the discharge of their dust of the fugitive slave shall be carried to o'clock at night—refused to lie down—would not permit his family to summon medical aid—and died at about 3½ o'clock on Thursday morn—to conceiled weapons. Tukey gave bail in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance to answer the charge.

John B. Bacon, the agent of Mr. Porter, Simson of conspiracy to kidnap. They promptly gave bail were to meet at 10 o'clock on Saturday around the content of the fugitive law, and to eshear the discharge of their dust on the sum of o'clock on Thursday morn—and died at about 3½ o'clock on Thursday morn—and died at a

sked him the

Abner G. e 'unterrisaid he. 'I h has been rom one end not content l prospects, stated what oice, fellow ly to fasten s slander .ble citizens h and integr, to whom s, and I call is true or

ose, and in , 'why do reat constinalties ?'xelamation it he stepward on a deafening effectually father of

r great inon by the prevails, groes are for debts. ria has a lishment. erchants. Lieut. F. wns, who re, in fact,

drift and inevitable effect of his own measures; to have just done whenever I mention the name of an this day he does not understand reform; every year exhibits an increasing want of clearness as to the The Captain moved easily in his chair, as if he real nature of his earliest idol, "religious liberty;" would again gladly open his batteries, but the Major, and he has just affronted that early idol by a bill his face eparkling with merriment, interrupted him, which he excuses on the score that his views of exclaiming:

"Hold! hold hard, Captain, and let's hear Bob out,
"Hold! hold hard, Captain, and let's hear Bob out, legislating for the future, he does not know whither and then you may fire away at your old enemies as he is going; and, in spite of a personal courage, which may hap would lead him to the block with as "I haven't cool an intrepidity as a William Russell, his statesmanship is dilatory, tentatives and helplessly timid.

Probably his education, which was peculiar, was usual curriculum in which English youth of high family are trained, he was sent to Edinburgh. He lived in the house of Playfair, and was educated "D—n the English!" muttered the Captain.

or neuge, and derives its name, I suppose, from the steeples of the churches being generally the objects pointed out as a goal."

given me one insult, I shall 'ave satisfaction.' Still no reply. "By gar, monsieur," continued the Frenchman, "you are not one gentleman. I shall Hence an early disposition to literary rather than Oxford-bred habits; hence a negative liberalism, and with drunken gravity.

"Done!" said the wag, for this was what he had douce skepticism that then distinguished the Scott-ish Athens. His birth sent him into Parliament as a matter of privilege; his literary training displayed itself about the same time in his essays on the constitution; he was a lion of the day, a hope of the whig party, a political descendant of Fox, his standard and model; the lead of the test and corporation act—debating was placed in his care; and, from that time, not too well endowed with patrons in high places, the liberals played their game into his hands. They more than half made the man on the country road. What say you, Captain, will whom they erected into their idol; and they were so- you venture? licitous not to discern how much of his successive lustres was borrowed. For it may be said that Lord John has originated nothing of the achievements his seat, "we'll start now, and I'll bet my bay gelding connected with his name and career; the religious against any other horse, that I will be the first man to liberty crusade was a gift to his hands; free trade he took up after Peel; Mr. Ward gave him the appropriation-clause, not long since expressly aban- against your bay that I will be before you." fainting woman, "Support me?"—by the "pressure from without." This want of self-reliance in constructive acts partly evaluated to nimself, he cried, like a "Agreed! agreed!" should the company; "we'll all go and have one grand steeple-chase, if we never have another." structive acts partly explains that want of command over subordinates which left foreign policy at the mercy of a Palmerston—colonel of a Grey—finance spurs and prepare for the race; and by the time the won-Wood; it explains his hankering to accept even something like Locke King's adverse motion and to seek a budget among the slayers of Wood.

"He will be a dering negroes nat fulfilled their commands, the Mandelli beautiful beautif

lay's retreat from active statesmanshin to history serve; with a cleverness, painstaking, and malice, that remind us of the bitter political writings in vogue some thirty years ago, he drags from the shelves an early work by Lord John Russell, in order to damage and blacken his personal character. The to damage and blacken his personal character. The Nun of Arrouca is used to represent the fallen Preoutward manner of easy pleasantry which ill dis-guises the unfair twisting to hold up Lord John as a "green" romancist, and in morals a prototype of the modern French novelists. This is "too bad."

No-literature is not the ex-Premier's vocation; neither to "progressive" statesmanship. Lord John has done his active work : his vocation henceforward is to repose amidst his order, or occasionally to don his hung-up arms in defence of "the ancient ways." Liberal in relation to the past, without tergiversa-tion or backsliding, Lord John is a tory in relation to the future; and we need not be very desponding of a future which has a John Russell instead of a

THE CREDITORS OF TEXAS .- A lengthy Treasury Circular is published in the Washington papers to-gether with a correspondence between that department and the Comptroller of Texas, which is both interesting and important to those having claims on these, catching the wild spirit of the racers, with bois that State, in connection with the indemnity she is terous glee, joined in the mad chase, swelling the numto receive from the United States, under the act of the steeplers' to twenty or more.

"It was a wild scene—that night-race of the revelthe last Congress, for settling her boundary. The Circular speaks of numerous letters having been received from the creditors, and says:
"The general impression of the writers of the let-

ters thus received, appears to be that this Department will pay from the reserved five millions the amount due to those creditors who hold that portion of the debt for which the duties on imports were pledged, after they have signed and filed their release of the United States; instead of which, so soon as all such creditors have executed the releases aforesaid, the reserved five millions are then to be is-sued to Texas, when all further action by this De-partment respecting it will cease, and the creditors before he could look out upon that strange sight. And

Bem, when a young man, had a quarrel partment respecting it will cease, and the creditors are to look to Texas for the settlement of their respective claims."-Baltimore Sun.

THE ATLANTIC. - The steamship Atlantic, of Collins' line, is to resume her trips on the 28th of May next, on which day she will leave Liverpool for New therefore not mentioned in the same breath with the

George W. Niles, esq., the New York attorney, behaves ill in the State prison. Having been detected in a correspondence with three other convicts, who all confessed, Niles was subjected to the water pun-ishment, and stood three applications before he would own the offence. The water in this shower-bath falls six feet, a barrel a minute, and the patient has his legs, arms, and head firmly fastened with wooden clasps. Mr. Niles had his head shaved first .-He now wears an iron collar, with a prong projecting at the back of the head, and one on each side of the face—an awful warning to the profession. Boston Post.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE !- Extract from Daniel Web-

sters's Abington Speech. "By this time the efforts of the WHIGS ALONE had raised a strong excitement in the North against the annexation of slavery territory. I say the WHIGS ALONE, for nobody belonging to the other party, North or South, East or West, stirred a finger in the cause: or if there were any, they were so few as not to be discernable in the mass, until the WHIGS of New England, Ohio, and other Middle States, HAD ACCOMPLISHED A GREAT EXCITEMENT, a new feeling in the public mind. And then this por-tion of the Democracy of New York, denominated the barn burning party, seized upon this state of excitement thus brought about by WHIG EFFORT, and attached this principle to their creed, to give them a pre-eminence over their rivals." that which is to come.

birth; he inherited certain principles. And those he sustains as he would the untarnished honor of his secutcheon; his patriotism is intellectual and honorary, and is not animated by a stirring and deeply-moved regard for the multitude that lies in the wide field beyond his personal circle. He loves "his country!" but it is the country of history, not of the living souls that people it.

Lord John's intellect is cultivated, rather than naturally great; and the culture has tended rather to check positive errors than to impart positive powers. Hence the discrepancy between Sydney Smith's famous saying, that he has audacity enough to take the command of the Channel fleet at a moment's notice, and the faltering in his statesmanship. He wants political insight and foresight; his speeches for reasoning; he scarcely ever seems to know the drift and inevitable effect of his own measures; to

"I haven't much more to say," replied Allston. "A steeple-chase in England is merely a race from one given point in the country to another, where the riders have to overcome every difficulty, whether fence, ditch not the happiest for his nature. Departing from the or hedge, and derives its name, I suppose, from the

among the Scotch philosophers and whig literati.—
Hence an early disposition to literary rather than chase!" exclaimed the Major, after a moment of silence

been aiming at from the time he had mentioned the subject; " provided the Captain here will take a part." "When?" said the Captain with a grim smile. "To-night," echoed the Major, growing every mo-

ment more enthusiastic in the scheme.
"Where is the steeple?" again inquired the Captain, with as much dignity and decorum as if sitting on a court martial.
"Bellvieu Church," replied Bob, after a moment of

" Venture ! to be sure I will," exclaimed the Captain

take my seat in the pulpit of the old church." "Done " exclaimed the Major ; " my grey hunter

"Shouting for their servants to bring out their

dering negroes had fulfilled their commands, the Major "By this time most of the lady guests having reti-The political activity of Lord John Russell has red to their rooms or departed to their homes, and Bob

tipsy guests mounted with all due gravity and decorum, although (to tell the truth) the laws of gravitation did cause some of them to sway a little to the right and

left.

" Now, cried out Bob, flourshing his infantile grunter around his head, be it understood that he who loses this velocity seems, it is about 15 times slower than

baskets of champagne.'
"'Agreed, agreed!' was the ready response of his reckless companions, as each man steaded himself in the saddle, grasped with renewed vigor his individual

stores. ted to the quiet of the Upper House—there to sit and revise the acts of the Commons—to delay, abate, and veto. " 'Then whoop, and away,' shouted the Major, and their heels. For the first mile or two the road was good one, and the crowd kept pretty well together, all going at a killing pace, and shouting at the top of their voices. During this time they passed more than one merry party returning from the wedding; and some of these, catching the wild spirit of the racers, with bois

lers-twenty men mounted on splendid horses, dashing along, with mad shout and hallo, through the silen woods, spurring with eager haste over rock, and hill, and miry branch, led on by the jolly Major and grim Captain, and each eagerly pressing his steed to the utmost, and as eagerly and resolutely holding on to the many a wild story and legend did that steeple-chase

by midnight give rise to, in which his Satanic Majesty always cut a conspicuous figure, and monopolized all the honors; for the wild huntsman of the German ledevil. But soon the road became dark, and hilly, and antagonist's heart. broken, and the chasm between the regulars and irregulars became greater and greater, and even the 'stee-plers' began one by one to drop behind, until the Maregulars became greater and greater, and even the 'steeplers' began one by one to drop behind, until the Major, Captain, and Bob, sweeping over a hill, were lost
to view. Tramp, tramp, on, on, on! went
the old fox-hunter and his two herce competitors; and
whenever they were seen along the road, the grey was
a few paces ahead, the Major swinging his turkey in
triumph, the sturdy Captain close on his heels, waving
his bottle, and Bob not far behined, flourishing his pig.
No one knows how the race progressed for the last No one knows how the race progressed for the last

three or four miles, for it was unseen by any one; but early the next morning a countryman, noticing three thorough breds wandering with drooping heads near the old church, had the curiosity to go in, and there to his no little amazement, he beheld the Major sitting bolt upright in the pulpit, last asleep, and holding tight to the leg of a roasted turkey—the Captain streched at full length under the pulpit, with a small piece of the Major's coat tail nervously gripped in one hand, and a bottle in the other—while Bob was coolly laid out on the only cushioned pew in the church, with his pig for a pillow, and no doubt dreaming of his new patent for greasing hair. Accidently touching the Captain, as he passed up into the pulpit to take a closer view of the Major, the countryman heard him mutter: 'The horse is yours, Major, but you won him only by the length of your tail. D—n the English! I'd like to see them beat this steeple-chase!" three or four miles, for it was unseen by any one; but Let him who regrets the loss of time, make a proper use of

"vat you say, sare?"
"I say I don't want to sell the pictures," cried the

you I did."
"Morbleu?" sputtered monsieur, in a ton enough to attract the attention of those of his fellow passengers who were not already listening; morleu! you mean to say I 'ave not any ear? nonsieur, by gar; hear ver' well vat you tell me .-You say you sell ze pictair. Is it because I be on

and made no reply.

But monsieur was not to be put off thus. He laid ited to 350 bales, at from 8½ to 11½c. his hand on the shoulder of the other, and showing paid on Saturday were not sustained. his small white teeth, exclaimed—

"Sacristie, monsieur, zis is too muche. You 'ave

no reply. "By gar, monsieur," continued the 11 a 114; Middling Fair 114 a 12; Fair 124. Frenchman, "you are not one gentleman. I shall call you one poltroon—vat you call 'em—coward?" the affair was begining to be seriouf; "I haven't a 10%. insulted you, sir."
"Pardonez, monsieur, but it is one grand insult!

"For what, pray?"
"For vat? parbleu! you call me one menteur—how you speak 'em—liar? you call me one liar?"

"Oh, no, sir. You misunderstood-" "No, by gar, I 'ave got ears! you say you sell ze pictair, and when I tell you what you say, you say

ze contraire--zat it is not so." "But I didn't tell you I would sell the pictures, remonstrated the man with the engravings, begin-ing to feel alarmed at the passion manifested by the other, "you misunderstood—" "I tell you, no—it is not possible! When I ask

you vat you do viz ze pictair, vat you say?" "I said I was taken them to Salem." "Yes, parbleu!" exclaimed monsieur, more angry than ever, "you say you take 'em to sell 'em—"
"No, no," interrupted the other, "not to sell

them, but to Sa-lem—the city of Salem." "Ze city of Sell'em !" exclaimed the Frenchman amid the roars of laughter that greeted his ears, "Sacristie! zat is one grand mistake. Pardon,

reform bill is still his future—as the widow dwells in the days of her courtship. Yet he will have his use. Not of the kind projected for him by a writer in the Morning Chronicle—an imitation of Macauthe care of the meat-house."

best accommodations. Manifold were the conjectures on board the boat as to who and what he was. But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bearing away a turkey.

But the writer in the Chronicle had a purpose to bear in the chronicle had ** Each of the others following the example of their lettered that he might be Mr. Bull from Albany, host, seized on ducks and chickens and hams, or bottles, or whatever came handiest; and Bob, to cap the climax, brought up the rear with an entire and untouched roast pig.

The servants, grinning with delight and staring the control of their lettered that he might be Mr. Bull from Albany, while others, from his color, suggested that he was persons on board who had seen similar sea monsters, and they pronounced him a seal beyond all peradventure. When we lost sight of him he was making and is probably ere this outside of Sandy Hook.

> TELEGRAPH SPEED .- It has been ascertained that his provisions by the way, forfeits the race and two that of light, and more than 15 times slower than that of electricity from the electrical machine.

| Resort | R Total300,009 311,568 180,175 195,182

The increase is over 61 per cent., largely outstripping even that of Georgia. The total population of Mississippi is now 611.577; her representative population is 486,949, which will entitle here to five Sales of Coffee confined to 100 bags of St. Domingo at 41s. members of the lower house of Congress for the next

JOHN SMITH.-We see in the Pacific News that this distinguished individual has lately been united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Irene Eveliin the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Irene Evelina Tucker, of San Francisco, California. We are curious to know whether the fortunate and happy bride is a daughter of old Mr. Tucker, or in any way connected with the venerable Dan?

Broad Swap & A. Ten Paces — A very extraordial will be supposed by the supposed by t

BROAD SWORDS AT TEN PACES .- A very extraordimost, and as eagerly and resolutely holding on to the provisions which the laughing joker, with an eye to the ridiculous, had pressed into the chase. Many a quiet cottager was aroused from his deep slumbers by the distant shout, sweeping up from the silent forest, and quaked with superstitious terror as he heard the fered, and they were prevailed upon to shake hands

Bem, when a young man, had a quarrel with a Polish officer, which ended in a meeting with pistols. Fortune gave the officer the first fire, and Bem fell. wounded in the thigh. The officer raised his hat. therefore not mentioned in the same breath with the he coolly took his aim and sent a ball through his

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

THE firm of N. S. Neal and Benjamin White is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All the debts due said firm, and liabilities, are to be closed by Nathaniel S. Neal, a transfer of the same having been made to him.

NATHANIEL S. NEAL.

31-31

MELVIN & MONROE.

CIENERAL Agents and Forwarding Merchants

Wilmington, N. C., solicit a share of public patronage

Store first door above Walton's Bar.

April 11, 1851

31-4t NEGROES WANTED.
WE will pay the highest market price for prime Negro men. Apply to
ANDERSON & YOUNG.
April 11, 1851

April 11, 1851

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

TWO competent Blacksmiths, aged from 25 to 25, 24
and a good Wheelwright. For such as will sait,
we will pay the highest cash price.

O. 4 G. HOLMES. April 11, 1851

received a letter from this distinguished statesman, in which he says he "will be a candidate for the Presidency at the ensuing election if he should be naming.

Northern ... 600 a 800 dency at the ensuing election, if he should be nomina-ted by the National Convention of the Democratic par-The letter is of a recent date.

Commercial.

FAVETTEVILLE, April 8.—Peach Brandy 50 a 55c. per gall.
Apple do. 37 a 42. Bacon 10 a 11c. per lb. Cotton 10 a 10.
Corn 85 a 90c. per bush. Flour \$5 a \$6. Feathers 30 a 32 cents per lb. Wheat \$1 a \$1 10 per bush. Whiskey 37 a 42 cents per gall.

Trade in general has been very good. There have been larger and the second and the second larger and the second larger and the second larger and large

Prices gave way towards the close of the week. Cotton remains firm .- Observer. NEWBERN, April 7 .- Naval Stores-Dip \$2 15 a \$2 20;

Scrape \$1 40 a \$1 45. Bacon-Hog round 81 a 9c.; Hams Frenchman, zat you will not sell to me ze pictair? 11 cents by the quantity. Lard 10½ a 11c. Sweet Potatoes
The irritated gentleman, hoping to rid himself of
the annoyance, turned his back upon his assailant,

CHARLESTON, April 8th.—Cotron.—The Cotton market CHARLESTON, April 8th.-Corron.-The Cotton market

was very quiet yesterday, the transactions having been limited to 350 bales, at from Si to 11ic. The extreme prices NEW ORLEANS, April 1 .- Cotton .- We quote Inferior 64 a 8; Ordinary 82 a 92; Middling 10 a 102; Good Middling

Sugar-Fair 4 a 54. Molasses 26 a 274. Flour \$4 00

NEW ORLEANS, April 3 .- The Cotton market is quiet, 2000 bales only having been sold this morning at easier prices-In America, perhaps not, but in France, one blow Middling 10 a 101. There is a large stock of Rice on hand, and the articles is dull at 31. Bacon Sides have advanced to 31; Shoulders 6 cents. Mess Pork has also advanced 50

BALTIMORE, April 8th .- Flour, \$4 371. Corn meal, \$2 87 a \$3. Ryc flour, \$3 44. Wheat, 96c. to \$1 13 Corr, 59 a Slc. Outs, 37 a 40c. Ryc, 68c. Mess Pork, \$11 75 a \$14 50. Whiskey, 211 a 221c. per gallon.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7 .- Flour \$4 50. Corn meal \$2 75. Rye flour \$3 371. Wheat 96 a \$1 03. Corn 61 a 62c .-Oats 40 a 44c. Rye 70c. Lard 9 a 94c. Rio Coffee 104 101c. Whiskey 211 a 221c.

New York, April 7th .- Flour \$4 50 a \$4 94; red wheat \$1, Genesee \$1 13 a \$1 14; corn 67 a 69 cents; oats 48 a 50 cents; rye 70 cents; N.O. sugar 51 to 54 cents; do. molas ses 31 cents; Rio coffee 104 a 104 cents; Pork \$15 for new mess ; prime do. \$12 a \$12 25 ; Lard 84 cents per lb. The Cotton market continues firm, and prices steady

with sales to-day of 4,000 bales. Whiskey has improved, with sales at 24 cents in barrels. New York, April 5th-Naval Stores .- North County monsieur. Que je suis bete? Ze city of Sell'em?—
Ha, ha! I will remember dat, by gar!" And he stroked his moustache with his ingers, while the man with the pictures once more indulged in his

NEW 10th, April of Carte Turpentine is for the most part held at \$2 871, though this price has not been obtained—the stock in yard is about price has not been obtained—the stock in yard is about 10,000 bbls. The stock of Tar is small; Rosin has been in better request: and Spirits Turpentine is inactive. The sales are 400 bbls. North County Turpentine at \$2 81 per 280 lbs.; 2000 Wilmington Turpentine on private terms; passed—in action he has no future. His most philosophic views are retrospective—all contained withing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after the reign of Henry the First to the reform bill. There, despite his repudiations of finality, he stops; he does not see further. His repudiations are honest, but not the less false. The pudiations are honest, but not the less false. The reform bill is still his future—as the widow dwells

red to their rooms or departed to their homes, and Bob wishing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after taking a parting taste of the punch, were making offer their homes, and both wishing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after taking a parting taste of the punch, were making offer their homes, and both wishing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after taking a parting taste of the punch, were making offer their homes, and both wishing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after taking a parting taste of the punch, were making offer their homes, and both wishing to make the 'steeple-chase' as ridiculous as possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after the passengers on board were suddenly supprised by the appearance of a large black seal popping his head above water a short distance from the reign of Henry boats was crossing the river recently, when about wishington Turpentine at \$2 81 per to their rooms or departed to their homes, and boat was red to below a stagnation in the seal basiness, except in a few transactions, for 50 boats was crossing the river recently, when about the following the possible, cried out to the Major and Captain, who after the passengers on board were suddenly and cloudered; 1000 North County of the passengers on board were suddenly at the foll

> California Markets, per Steamer Georgia. SAN FRANCISCO, March 11 .- The market is overstocked with a variety of articles-boots, &c .- which are selling for less than cost.

Flour is drooping a little, owing to the large stock on hand. Building materials without much change. Groceries-There is rather a better feeling in Sugar, although prices are unchanged. Spices very abundant and selling lower.

better feeling in our Cotton market since the arrival of the barrel. last steamer, with an advance of id. per lb. in American, and a better feeling in other descriptions. The quotations are:—Fair Orleans, 73d.; Mobile, 73d.; Uplands, 74.

CENSUS OF MISSISSIPPI.—We copy the following in Wheat and Flour, with some cessation of exports, have created more confidence in the market, with a turn in favor of holders, flour having advanced 6d. per bbl., and wheat 1d.

Provisions are higher. Bacon has advanced 1s. a 2s. per cwt.; hams and shoulders are scarce. Lard has advanced

6d., and 60 bags Rio at 46s. per cwt.

NAVAL STORES—Sales of 1000 bbls. Common Rosin at 3s.
a 3s. 3d. 500 bbls. Turpentine at 7s. 1d. 1500 bbls. American Tar at 11s 9d. per bbl.

WANTED. A TEACHER to take charge of the Public School on Federal Point. A pleasant and healthy situation.

JAMES S. NEWTON,
WM. S. NEWTON,
JOS. G. PICKETT,

31-1t April 11, 1851 31-1t FLOUR. 100 bbls. assorted brands. For sale by O. & G. HOLMES.

Wines and Imported Brandy. We keep on hand the best Madeira and Port Wines; best Old Cogniac Brandy; and offer them for sale cheaper than any other house in town. Call and see us.

O. & G. HOLMES. OLD Whiskey. We have for sale the very best article of Old Pittsburg Whiskey; Old Monongabela do.; Old O'Maras Rye do. O. & G. HOLMES. TEAS. We have just received a very superior article of Imperial, Gunpowder, and Hyson Teas, warranted good, which we can sell very low.

O. & G. HOLMES.

BUTTER.-5 Firkins superior Gosheu. For sale by O. & G. HOLMES. SPADES and Shovels.—10 dos. Long Handle Ame's Shovels; 8 dozen do. Spades. For sale by O. & G. HOLMES, A XES.—10 doz. Collin's Kinty Pattern;
10 do. do. Boxing do. For sale by
0. & G. HOLMES.

NORTH Carolina Ba North Carolina Bacon.

200 superior Wayne County Hams;
160 "Sides;
100 "Shoulders.

For sale for cash, by O. & G. HOLMES. PRESH from the North Per Schr. R. W. Brown
2 Hhds. best Porto Rico Sugars No. 1;
3 bbls. Extra Falton Market Beef;
24 " ""
30 best Porto Rico Sugars No. 1;
3 bbls. Extra Falton Market Beef;
34 " ""

The Executive Section of Section NAVAL STORES, Neats Foot,...00
PEAS, per bushel Northern ... 6 00 a
Baltimore, .5 00 a
HAY, per 100 lbs.
North River, ... a
Eastern ... 0 00 a
IRON, per 1b, ... 42 a IRON, per lb.,...li a
LARD, per lb.
No. Carolina, 10 a
Western, nom. a
LIME, per barre!.
Thomastown (0) a SHINGLES, per M.
Common,...2 50 a 3 00
Contract,...4 00 a 4 50 STEEL, per lb, .12 STAVES, per M. rough, 14 00 a 15 00 Ash Head'g .0 00 a 10 00 R. O. hhd., dressed,.... Do. rough, 14 00 N. E. Rum, ... 30 a
Gin, ... a
Whiskey, rec. ... a
Do N.O. do ... a
Do. Old Nick, 00 a
Apple Brandy, 35 a
Peach do none a
MOLASSES, per gall.
Cuba, ... 20 a
Porto Rico. ... a
MACKEREL, per bbl.
No. 1... 0 00 a Apple Brandy, 35 a 40
Peach do. none a 00
MOLASSES, per gall.
Cuba, 20 a 22
Porto Rico. ... a 00
MACKEREL, per bbl.
No. 1, 0 00 a 11 00
No. 2, 0 00 a 10 00
No. 3, 6 00 a 7 00

MILLIAMS MACKEREL, per bol.

No. 1,....0 00 a 11 00

No. 2,...0 00 a 10 00

No. 3,...6 00 a 7 00

MULLETS,

Per barrel, ...4 50 a 5 00

Malaca,40 a 66

renchman, "you are not one gentleman. I shall sugar—Fair 44 a 54. Molasses 26 a 274. Flour \$4 00 a sold in the water, and are subject to the expense of landing inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on Lumber, &) cents to \$1 per What do you mean?" retorted the other, afraid re affair was begining to be seriouf: "I haven't a 101.

FREIGHTS:	3. 3	6	
TO NEW YORK.		(F	
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, \$ 35	8	\$	
Spirits Turpentine, do	a		
Rice, per 100 pounds, gross00	a	50	
Cotton, per bale,	a	1	
Cotton goods and yarns, per foot,	a		
Flaxseed, per cask,	a		
Ground Peas, per bushel,	a	1	
Lumber, per M.,	a	7	
TO PHILADELPHIA.			
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 30	2		1
Spirits Turpentine,do	a		,
Ground Peas, per bushel,	a		
Lumber, per M	a	5	1
Cotton goods and yarns, per cubic foot,6	a		
TO BOSTON.			
Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel,00	a		
Spirits Turpentine,do00	a		1
Lumber, per M.,	a	8	

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 10, 1851.

The Spring freshets having brought to market about all last year's crop of Turpentine, and it being rather too early for the new crop to begin to come in with any freedom, the receipts of this article has been remarkably light during the

cle is very scarce.

CORN-6 a 8000 bushels Corn arrived from Baltimore,not yet sold. FLOUR-Stock good-see table for prices. HAY-150 bales prime Eastern sold at 85 cents per 100 lbs LARD-Stock continues very light. Quotations firm.

LIME-Market entirely bare.

LUMBER-Nothing been done in River Lumber. Molasses-265 hhds. from Cuba, sold on arrival at 20 a 22 cents per gallon. Market bare.

NAVAL STORES-Only about 767 barrels Turpentine have Provisions of all kinds firm. Prime Butter, Cheese, and Hams, in good demand. Mess Beef, \$11 46 a \$15. Mess Pork, \$15 a \$18. Mackerel, \$11 a \$19. Hams, \$14 a \$15. Lard, 13 a 15c. per lb. Butter, 35 a 45c. Cheese, 15 a 20c. Foreign Markets, per Steamer Baltic.

NAVAL SIGNES—Only active which brought an advance of 16 counts for soft and 5 cents per barrel for hard, and a small lot of new virgin at an advance of 10 c. per bbl.—sold at last week's Schr. Susan Canon. Dashiels, for Baltimore, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 80.000 feet lumber, 15 bbls. pine oil. 7—chr. Geo. M. Robertson. Plummer, for Richmond, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with 65,000 feet fumber, 100 bbls.

SALT .- 150 Sacks sold at 80 cents per sack, at 90 days. SHINGLES .- 80,000 a 90,000 shingles sold at \$21 a \$3 per

STAVES.—Nothing doing in this article.
FREIGHTS—Becoming light, rates however remain firm.
EXCHANGE.—North & South & per cts. premium.

LUSH Hooks and Lines, of all sizes and kinds. Best A Silk, Grass, Linen, and Cotton Lines, in quantities sufficient for all the wants of the trade, to whom he offers them at the lowest Northern prices. For sale by April 11, 1851]

J. M. ROBINSON.

ON hand, a large quantity of Negro Passes. For sale low, at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

NOTICE. IN pursuance of the last Will and Testament of Francis C. Lewis, deceased, I will sell at the Court House in Elizabethtown, on the 5th day of May, (Monday of Court week,) the following tracts of Land, to wit:

3-20 Acres known as the Caussee Lands, lying on Colly Swamp, adjoining the Lands of Gen. James J. McKay and others.

Swamp, adjoining the Lands of Gen. James J. McKay and others.

100 Acres known as the Purnell Land, adjoining the Caussee tract and Gen. McKay.

130 Acres near the Brown Marsh, adjoining the Lands of John Ellis and others.

The above Lands will be sold on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving a bond with good security.

COLIN SHAW, Executor.

April 11. 1851

THE above reward of Five Dollars will be paid by the subscriber for the apprehension and delivery to him at Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., of his apprentice boy, Thomas Tursner, who absconded from him in November last. Said Turner is a white boy, about seventeen years old, sallow complexion, and quite small for his age; he is a pretty good Harness Maker, having been bound to the subscriber for the purpose of learning that trade. All persons are forewarned against harboring or employing said boy, as the law will be rigidly enforced against any one so offending.

WM. H. STETSON.

Kenansville, N. C., April 3, 1851

GOODS FOR THE SEASON. WE are now receiving direct from our own manufactory, the most complete assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever offered in the Southern market, consisting in

Clothing ever offered in the Southern market, consisting in part of
French and English Cloth Dress and Freck Costs;
Black and Fancy Cassimere Pants;
White and Fancy Linen do.
Crape Camblet and Drap d'Ete Pants;
Fancy and White Marweilles Vests;
Satin, Cassimere, and Bombazine Vests;
Business Coats, every description;
Silk Warp 3 oz. Sacks, a beautiful article;
Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, and Cravats;
Kid. Silk, and Thorad Gloves, a great variety;
Socks, Suspender Ends, and Moncy Belts;
Silk Gause Under-Shirts and Drawers;
Heavy China Spun Silk Shirts and half Hose, &c. &c.
Also, a complete assortment of Youths' and Boys' Wearing
Apparel, which we can sell much less than the same articles will cost made to measure, and of excellent quality.
At the solicitation of many of our emotomers, we have been induced to keep a few very superior Travelling Trunks and Carpet Bags, which we are offering at small advance for cash.
Saits made to measure, helest inshire, superior style, at short notice.

SCOTT & BALDWIN,
Morehust Tailors, &c., Market-street.

In this town, on Friday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Have, Ma. Millstan H. Brumpeto Mills Branch Hawking, both of Hamover county, Virginia.

In Sampson county, on the 27th Mil., Mr. Eigert Stricks Lave, Jr., we there exist the same of the Stricks and the same of the Stricks. In Moore county, on the Stricks. Mr. Anchorage Dale Rymple, to Miss Mary Ann Pirally.

HILLEN AND A STORY

In this town, on the 5th inst., Mr. Dexis. Melicer, of Philadelphia. aged 49.

Departed this life. on Saturday morning last, Capt. Jacon Hartman, in his 84th year. Capt. 11. was one of our oldest citisens; of German descont, but a native of the United States. His course through life has been strongly marked. A man possessing a good heart, overflowing with benevolence, his hand and his purse were simultaneously opered when a case of pity and destitution knocked at the door of his soul. Patriotism, too, hath lost a champion, for the subject of this oblusty. Then at the age of 13, when Britain's myrmidons were docolating our land, inferting our coast with floating Batteries—a powder monkey (this 14 year old boy) was, with the captain taken prisoner and conjued in that floating sepulcine, the Jersey Ship. At an early age he removed to North Carolina: Expetterille was his first suiding place in our State. He then removed to Wilmington, where the course of his life has passed away. In the war of 1812 with Great Britain. his purse was opened to fortify Little Island, below this town. Our State Legislature, after keeping him out of his money for 40 years, family paid him a sunt about equivalent to the interest on his claim. Coid.

In Duplin county, on the 14th ult., Mr Thomas Sherann, aged about 81 years, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens of Duplin county, and a worthy and exemplary man in all the relations of life. He was a bious member of the Presbyterian Church for the last forty-seven years of his life, and in his death he enjoyed the blessed hope of an immortality of joy in the presence of that God whose faithful servant he had so long been.—Com.

In Anson county, on the 18th ult., Yound H. Allen, Esq., formerly Sheriff of the county.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA. ARRIVED.

April 4—Steamer Fowan, McRae, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lutterloh; with goods to sundry persons.

Schr. Hume, Godfrey, from Charleston, S. C., to Wm. M. Harriss; with sack salt.

Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Brewster, from New York, to DeRosset & Brown; with make to sundry persons.

Schr. Wm. Hart. Gandy, from Philadelphia, to Geo. Harriss; with make. to sundry persons.

Schr. Penrl, Dexter, from New River, to Martin & Cronly; with 250 bbls naval stores.

Steamer Henrietta, Fennell, from Fayetteville, to A. D. Cazaux; with make. to sundry persons.

5—Brig Matamoras, Wass, from New York, in ballast, to Ellis, Russell & Co.

Argentine Brig Mentor, Neilson, from Boston, to P. K. Dickinson & Co.

Schr. Hester A. Jones, Hutchings, from Savannah, in ballast, to J. & D. McRae & Co.

Schr. Judith Ward, Anderson, 5 days from Bermuda, in ballast, to J. & D. McRae & Co.

Schr. Mary Powell, Briggs, from New York, to Geo. Harriss; with make to sundry persons.

Schr. Caroline Hall, Rogers, from Savannah, to Geo. Harriss; with 50 bbls. flour and whiskey

Brig Ava, Adams, from Boston, to Adams, Prother & Co.; with hay &c.

6—Selv. Gazelle, Spow from Savannah in ballast, to G. ARRIVED.

with hav &c. 6-Schr. Gazelle, Snow, from Savannah, in ballast, to G. 6-Schr. Gazelle, Snow, from Savannah, in ballast, to G. Harriss.

Steamer Got. Graham. Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T. C. Worth; with mdze.

Schr. Odd Fellow, from Shallotte, to Leighton, Chadbourn & Co: with spirits and rosin.

7—Schr. Elonise, Robinson, from New York, to M. Costin; with mdze.

Brig Wanderer, Moores, from Charleston, to J. & D. McRae & Co; with sack salt.

Steamer Chatham, Evans, from Fayetteville, to T. C. Worth; with mdze. to sundry persons

8—Schr. R. W. Brown, Hulse, from New York; to DeRosset & Brown; with mdze. to sundry persons.

Brig Ellen Havden, Smith, from Havana, fo J. Hathaway & Son; with 265 hhds. 5 tierces and 5 bbls. molasses.

9—Steamer Rowan, McRae, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lutterloh; with cotton. Lutterloh; with cotton. Schr. Diriga, Pettengel, from New York, to Potter & Kid-

Schr. Diriga, Pettengel, from New York, to Potter & Kidder.

Schr. J. A. Bayard, Thompson, from Baltimore, to Ellis, Russell & Co; with indze to sundry persons.

Schr. Alert, Hall, from Fredericksburg, Va., to M. Costin; with 6,000 bushels corn, 100 bbls. flour.

Schr. Ellen, Peterson, from Boston, to Adams, Brother & Co; with index. to sundry persons. On the 5th inst., at 74 o'clock, saw S. E. from New Intel Bar, Schr. Kathadin, (of Cherryfield, Me.) with colors union slown, from Jacksonville, Fla., loaded with Live Oak Timber, for New York. The K. was dismasted previous. Took of Capt. Wallance and three men, one badly bruised, the mate and one man killed by the falling of musts, they being aloft at the time.

10—Schr. Eva, Taylor, from Philadelphia, to Geo. Hatriss: with mdzo.

CLEARED.

April 4—Steamer Chatham, Evans, for Fayetteville, by C. Worth; with moze, for sundry persons.

5—Beig Bryant, Bryant, for St. Domingo, by Ellis, Rus-Schr. Ann Elizabeth, Walker, for Baltimore, by Ellis, Russell & Co. Steamer Rowan, MacRae, for Fayetteville, with my sundry persons.

Brig David Duffell, Podger, for New York, by Geo. Harriss; with 300 bbls. pitch. 1138 do. rosin. 41 do. spirits turpentine, 16 bales cotton, 2 hbds. and 4 bbl. dried fruit, 3 casks copper, 40 empty beer bbls.

Br. Schr. Eolus, Stubb, for Turks Islands, by Wm. M. Harriss; with 65,000 shingles, 40,000 feet lumber and 20 Steamer Rowan, McRae, and tow boat Odd Follow, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lutterloh; with mdze. for sundry per-

Steamer Evergreen, Rush, for Fayetteville, by A. D. Caz-aux; with mdze, for sûndry persons. Brig Chas, Heath, Putanin, for Jamaica, by DeRosset & Brown: with 104,000 feet lumber and 15,000 feet timber from

rosin.
Schr. Williams, Wixon, for New Bedford, with 325 bbls.
tar, 197 bbls. rosin, 10 bbls. pitch, 20 bbls. spirits turpenstine, 5 casks rice, 8385 feet lumber, 87 bushels pea nuts.
Schr. Isabella Thompson, Corson, for New York, by Geo.
Harriss; with 1199 bbls. turpenfine, 602 do. rosin, 80 bags

Harriss; with 1199 bbls. turpentine, 602 do. rosm, 80 bags pen nuts.
Schr. Rosannah Rose, Coombs, for Bowdingham, Me., by W. M. Harriss; with 81,000 ft. lumber.
Br. Brig Mayflower, Peterson, for St. Domingo, by Potter & Kidder; with 87,000 feet lumber, and 60,000 shingles.
8 - Steamer Gov. Graham. Hart, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Worth, with mdze. to sundry persons.
Schr. Lilly Sanders, Little, for New York, by M. Costin; with 6,100 bushels rough rice, 325 bbls. rosin.
Schr. Odd Fellow, Gaskill. for Shallotte, by Leighton, Chodbourne & Co.; with mdze.
Steamer Chatham, Evans, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Worth; with mdze. to sandry persons. Worth; with mdge. to sandry persons.

Brig Ann Maria, Smith, for St. Domingo, by Adoms, Brother & Co.

9—Schr. F. A. Heath. Dorr, for Kingston. Mass., by Adams Brother & Co.; with 88,000 feet ship stuff.

Schr. Nathan Durfeo, Davis, for Boston, by Adams, Brother Steamer Brothers, Banks, for King's fanding above Fayetteville, by J. C. Latta; with indize for sundry persons.
Steamer Union, Wadsworth, for White Hall, by J. C.

Schr. Albion, Lufkin, for Boston, by Adams, Brother & Schr. Albion, Liu kin, to Lossen, to Bennett, for Baltimore, by Ellis, Russell & Co; with 50,000 ft. lumber, 13 bales warp, 4 bales sheeting, 12 bales yarn, 4 boxes tobacco, 4 bales wool, 1 box mdze, 100 bbls, rosin, and a lot of machinery.

Schr. Wm. Hart, Gandy, for Philadelphia, by Geo. Hartise, with naval stores. riss; with naval stores.
Schr. Caroline Hall, Rogers, for Wilmington, Del., by G. Harriss; with lumber.
11—Schr Gazelle, Snow, for Philadelphia, by Geoge Harriss; with naval stores and old iron

Captain Hoxie, of the Joseph Walker, which left New York in company with the Ivanhoe for Liverpool, reports that on the 26th Feb., two days out, he saw her ashore on the Roundshoal of Nantucket, with all sail set; if is therefore to be feared that she went to pieces and all on board persished. ished Brig Harriet, Marston, cleared on the 31st ult., from this port for New Orleans, with a cargo of Naval Stores, having struck upon the bar and sprung a leak, returned for repairs.

TWESTY-PIVE CENTS REWARD. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS REWARD.

UNAWAY from the subscriber, shout the 28th of December, 1850, his indentured apprentice to the Tailoring Business, named Joseph James Lanter, aged about 18 years. All persons are entitioned against employing or harboring the said boy, as I will enforce the full rigor of the law against any person so doing. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me in Wilmington.

WM. H. HANSLEY.

Wilmington, April 8, 1851

Wilmington, April 8, 1891

NOW Receiving from New York and Baltimore.

100 bbls. Rectified Whiskey;
25 " old Monongabels do.
15 " old Apple Brandy;
10 qr. and j casks old French Brandy;
2 casks old Cherry
3 " old Peppermint Cordini;
72 bags Rie and Lagaira Coffee;
4 bbls. Porto Rico Sagar;
15 bbls. crushed and powdered Sugar;
15 bbls. crushed and powdered Sugar;
15 boxes Lemon Syrup;
15 " Lemon Sagar, a new srieby;
25 " assorted Candy;
75 whole and 20 half bbls. Canal Flour;
28 boxes from the commonent to the best Tobacco;
80,000 Cigara, all quantities and prices;
18 decen Cleret Wise;
8 boxes Pichleu and Musicari;
10 " Herringe;
45 bbls. New York Inspection Pork;
24 boxes Cheese, a facturele.
With a variety of articles to testious to mention. The above goods were all selected by the meaning in the Marthern Clitics, at the lowest prices, and will be salt to testions in the Marthern Clitics, at the lowest prices, and will be salt to the salt

Authorized Agents for the Journal. JAMES M. REDMOND, Tarboro', Edgecombe county, N JOSIAH JOHASON, Clinton, Sampson county. JOSEPH R. KEMP, Bladen county. Dr. Shrawood, Strickland's Depot, Duplin county.
B. S. Koonce, Richland, Onslow county. B. BARNES, Black Creek, Wayne county. LEWIS JONES, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir county. C. P. WOODELL, Whiteville, Columbus county. VOLVEY B. PALMER is authorized to receive advertise and subscriptions for the Journal, in New York, Philadelph

and Boston, and receipt for payment for the same.

MESSES. EDITORS-In my communication to your pape some two weeks ago, I gave my views very briefly upon the right of secession "by a State;" or, at loast, I stated where I thought the right of secession rested, and did not give my

reasons for the same in as full a manner as I wished, therefore I hope you will pardon me for troubling you again for a space in your columns to explain myself more fully. remarks, by way of supplement to my remarks heretofore now exhorting the oppressed millions of Europe to be free made on the elections in this Distric'. My opinions as to holding a Convention, are the same as I have heretofore expressed, yet I am convinced that WM. S. Ashe is the man. I had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Ashe at Duplin Court, flight, and cry to Old Mecklenburg, the place of her birth, where he ably and conclusively defended his votes given while "How can I give thee up." in Congress, and I have no doubt in saying that he will be amply rewarded in his next election by the citizens of old

The right of secession, to be exercised by a State, is a question of momentous consideration. Has a State, or has she not, the right to protect and defend her constitutional guarantees, which are personal liberty, personal security, evening, bringing seven days later intelligence from

and private property? I submit that a State has retained that exclusive privilege of watching and guarding her own destiny, yet I do not think that a State, under the constitution, has the power to with- as to be acknowledged by no party, yet it still occu draw from the confederacy under any circumstances that pies the time of the House of Commons. could conceivably happen in the United States. This subject underwent a thorough investigation during our last Legislature. Some of our leading men were of the opinion that a State had the right of secession; others entertained differis settled upon, for if this government is consolidated, a State has no more right to secode from the Union than XERKES had good understanding subsists with England, there can the right to believe he could chain the waters of the raging liellespont.

The question of consolidation or no consolidation seems to.

The news from Berlin. Dresden, and Vienna, was

The question of consolidation or no consolidation seems to me to be very plainly established, viz: That this government is not a consolidated one. Consolidation, according to the best authors, means "united in one solid mass." Then if this government was so mited, there would be no use of a State constitution, for the simple reason that if it was united in one solid mass, there would be no division, but the constitution of the United States would serve for all. If we suppose that, under the formation of our constitution, the Union | ror of Prussia, notifying him of the marriage of his was originally consolidated, I maintain that that consolidation has been broken by the forming of a dividing line be tween the North and South, viz: The Missouri Compromise Line. But I submit that this government never was consolidated. It was not the intention of our pilgrim fathers, who the secondary States coincide with neither. framed it, to make it so, else they would never have divided the Union into thirteen original colonies. I also maintain that the United States bave proven by word and action that a State has a right to withdraw from the confederacy when the contract to which she became a contracting party has been vitiated. She didit by the admission of Texas into the portrait of Washington's mother, which he wishes to been vitiated. She did it by the admission of Texas into the

In 1813, if I mistake not, Mexico formed a republican form of government similar to that of the United States : she framed her constitution from a model of ours. When Texas he came a party to that constitution, she remained under the government of Mexico until 1831, I believe. When Mexico changed her form of government, broke the constitution to which Texas became a party, then it was that Texas revolted and asserted her independence as a free republic. Her independence was acknowledged by the United States; she applied for admission into the Union, and eventually was accepted, and is now a State with a constitution of her own, but under the protection of the federal government.

This, I think, was a clear admission upon the part of this government, that a State has a right to assert her sovereign- me, 'took their son (George Washington) in her ty whenever the constitution of the Union has been broken arms.' I believe I use her own expression.' or vitiated in any point.

done simultaneously; that is, if each and every State had entered into an agreement to form a republic and frame a constitution, which was to govern the whole without any State government, then this would have been a consolidated government. But this was not the case. The Convention that framed our constitution was composed of delegates from each State, who acted for the State, and signed the same as agents properly authorized. Although the Convention fra- have been settled the papers will be signed and exmed a constitution, it was not binding upon the citizens of med a constitution, it was not binding upon the citizens of changed. It is understood that the fight will not any State until they had well considered the subject, and, by the unanimous consent of the citizens of said State, had ratified and adopted the said constitution and form of govern ment. When she had done that she then became a party o that organized body who put in motion the wheels on which this mighty and free republic moves.

Then it is clearly established, beyond a shadow of doubt, that the constitution was a contract entered into by each State who become a contractor, "under mutual concession and conciliations." I knew it is a void contract that is made without any consideration; but to this there was both a good and valuable consideration. A good consideration arising from the natural love and affection which one State bore to the other, as well as their desire to establish, upon a firm basis, free institutions and the altar of God, at which all men might worship according to the dictates of their own conscience. A valuable consideration, arising from the respon sibility which each State assumed to defray the expenses of the General Government, and the States, in their aggregate capacity as the General Government, have promised, and are bound, to protect each other from all and any invasions or insults that may be offered by other nations. These are my views with regard to the formation of this government; in which I have tried to prove, and I think I have done so, that the confederacy was established upon principles of equity and justice-and being so, whenever equity and justice cease to exist the constitution is no more binding upon the several States. Understand me to say, that I believe the confedera cy was formed by mutual compact between the States, and whenever that compact is broken, or the constitution which binds that compact is violated, then what other alternative is left but secession. None.

The question thence arises, has this compact been broken or the constitution violated ?

In every case of oppression from foreign powers, no State has failed to do its duty, and in every instance, and under every circumstance, the Union of these States have prospered with unparalleled success, without any impediment save that of domestic slavery. Whether slavery is an evil or not, I shall not pretend to decide. An all-wise and beneficent Providence has placed those unfortunate creatures among us; they are our property, and should, therefore, be taken into serious consideration, and he who contrives means to se-

duce them away is no more nor less than a thief. The question of slavery has been a subject of an exciting nature. It has fauned the elements of discord into a perfect four glasses of lavender brandy to start it. Soon afhurricane. No mortal eye can see, or prophesy foretell, the er, I felt a buzzing in my ears, and the he cups was evils that may arise from a continued agitation of this vital awful troublesome, but that, I thought, was the wind evils that may arise from a continued agreeation in this transfer of his country feared dissolution from coming off. Then it seemed to me, as I walked two causes. One was the Alleghany mountains; the other two causes. One was the Alleghany mountains; the other domestic slavery. But the first cause is obviated by the every now and then, would jump right before me, as mighty spirit of internal improvements and we find no States if they meant to head me off. I was a little mad at mighty spirit of internal improvements, and we find no States more strongly attached to the constitution and the Union this and struck one or two of them with my knuckthan those of the West. As to domestic slavery, that has caused many a stout heart to quai!, and many a strong arm to tremble, at the discord it has produced among the citizens of America. The Abolitionist, stimulated by false philanthropy, and arged by ambition, "that sin by which the angels fell," commits acts which a midnight assassin would tremble to attempt. These are the effects of slavery upon

rese. If it does not lie within the power of the State, \$14,314,406. rayed against the law and the constitution, should meet with

Before I commence my subject, I beg leave to make a few she flew back to America to spread the joyful news. She is

NEW YORK, April 3, 10 P. M. The mail steamer Baltic arrived at 7 o'clock this Europe.

England.

The Papal bill has been so modified and curtailed

The correspondence of the Times says it is imporent opinions. Some believed in the right of revolution, and others in consolidation. It appears to me that the right of secession cannot be decided until the subject of consolidation of rumors that France would assume a hostile posi-

> the principal subject of discussion. The Council de-cided that instructions should be given to the French Minister at Vienna, informing him of the attitude France will take should a contest arise between the

> great German powers.
>
> The views of the King of Prussia met with sympa President had received notification from the Empeniece with Prince George of Mechlenburg.

Germany.

Fresh complications have arisen in Germany. russia and Austria no longer act in concert, and

WAS WASHINGTON BORN IN ENGLAND?-The Boston Transcript publishes an extract from a letter dated Isleworth, Middlesex, England, Feb. 25th, 1851, and present to our government. Mr. Field is 75 years old, and a gentleman in every way to be relied on. He raises the question of Washington's native land, by the following paragraph:

"It happened when I was a boy, that being in the

neighborhood of Cookham, Berkshire, with an uncle of mine, he pointed out a pretty country cottage in which the parents of General Washington resided, and from which they removed to America. Our road led to a green or common, where there resided a Mrs. Ann Morer, whose maiden name was, I believe, Taylor, who there showed me the portrait of Mrs Washington and other reliques of the family, given to her when they quitted the place for America, to which country her aunt and mother, she told

TOM HYER'S CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.—It is stated that Gooduson, the powerful fellow who noticed Hyer's card a few days since, has formally accepted his pugilistic challenge. The preliminaries were to be entered into last evening, and the first deposits made by the friends of the respective champions. Hyer wants to have a six months training, but Gooduson wants it on a condition that neither party shall train more than three months. As soon as this point shall or some other foreign country.

The Murmur of the Shell. BY THE HON. MRS. NORTON. A sailor left his native land, A simple gift he gave, A sea-shell gather'd by his hand, From out the rippling wave; Oh. love, by this remember me! Far inland thou must dwell-But thou shalt hear the sounding sea, In the murmur of the shell. Ah woe is me! with tatter'd sail The ship is wildly tost! A drowning cry is on the gale, They sink-and all are lost ! While happy yet untouched by fear, Repeating his farewell. Poor Mary smiles, and loves to hear The murmer of the shell. The tidings wrecked her simple brain; And smiling now she goes-A mad girl-reckless of her pain Unconscious of her woes; But when they ring the village chimes, That toll'd the lover's knell. She sighs and says, she hears at times Death-music in the shell!

The Pennsylvanian relates the case of a Mr. Samuel Peabody, who was arrested by the watchmen on suspicion of being intoxicated. The Mayor desired to know what was Samuel's opinion of the matter. With some appearance of embarrassment he gave

the following narrative: "Well, Sir, I mout have been drunk, and I mout not—I can't pretend to say for certain. The fact is, I've done so little that way, that I'll be blamed if I know when I am drunk. I dare say some of these police gentlemen are better judges than I am, when it comes to that. But I'll tell you exactly what I did and how I felt, and if your honor concludes I was drunk. why I'll pay the fine and say no more about

it You see I was troubled with the wind, and took les, but I found that it was no use, for my f the worst of it. It seemed like all the gas lights had faces to them; some winked and some grinned at as it had been formed.

me, and one that stood before a hotel, nodded as if

A thought occurred it was acquainted with me, and made a sort of a sign toward the door, as much as to say, "Go in Sam, and get something to drink." Which I did.—

When I came out there was the state of the sign toward the door, as much as to say, "Go in for a time. I looked around for the object. I had dropped it in my first efforts to the state of the state When I came out there was the greatest to do that | youd my reach—it has disappeared.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.—The U.S. Government as now on deposite, subject to draft, the sum

elevated regions.

A curiously formed ridge traversed the plain from east to west. A thicket of cacti covered part of its summit: this thicket was the original point of my destination. Dismounting, I led my horse slowly up the slope, and, reaching the cacti, fastened the lariat to a branch. I then crawled cautiously through the spiky ovals towards the point where I expected

I lay for several minutes thinking over the different tricks known in hunter craft for taking the antelope. Should I imitate their call? Should I hoist the hankerchief? No, they were too shy. I knew ent tricks known in hunter craft for taking the antelope. Should I imitate their call? Should I hoist the hankerchief? No, they were too shy. I knew this from the fact that, at short intervals they threw up their graceful necks, and struck the sward with their hoofs, looking wildly around. I have no alternative. I shall steal head to my horse take the safe of these moments, my horse again neighed, answering my shouts. A thought struck me—I shall see him again before I die. Journeyings, shared hardships, had made us known to each other; he would come at my call: the lariat was up their profes, looking wildly around. I have no alternative. I shall steal head to my horse again neighed, answering my shouts. A thought struck me—I shall see him again before I die. Journeyings, shared hardships, had made us known to each other; he would come at my call: the lariat was other; he would some native. I shall steal back to my horse, take the red tion. I raised my voice to its highest pitch and "makinaw" from my saddle, and display it over the cried, "Moro! Moro!" A loud neigh was my annopals."

1 had come to this conclusion, when all at once

my eye rested upon a clay covered line in the prairie. the surface of the plain -a buffalo road, perhaps the at first rapid and irregular, as of a steed strugglin bed of an arroyo. In either case, the very shelter I wanted, and the game was approaching it step by step as they fed. The question now was, could I reach this hollow in time: and giving up the plan of spreading my blanket, I resolved to make the attempt. Creeping back out of this thicket, and leaving my horse where I had tied him. I ran alongside of the ridge toward the point where I noticed it was depressed to the prairie level. On reaching this point, to my surprise I found myself on the bank of a broad arroyo, whose waters ran over a bed of sand and gypsum. The banks were low. not three feet above the surface, except where the ridge impinged upon the stream. Here there was a high bluff, and hurrying down to its base, I entered the channel and hurrying down to its base, I entered the channel and commenced wading upward. As I anticipated, I soon reached a bend, where the stream after running parallel to the ridge, struck upon a huge rock, and sweeping round to the right, had canoned the hill. Here I stopped and looked cautiously over the bank. The antelopes had approached within 50 yards of the arroyo, but still quietly cropping the grass, and once more bending my back I proceeded up the stream. The bed of the arroyo was soft and yielding, and I was compelled to lift my feet with caution, lest their splashing might disturb the game.—

After a weary drag of several hundred yards, I came to an artemesia bush, which grew solitary upon the

top of the bank.
"I must be high," thought I. I clutched my rifle firm, brought it to a level, then raised myself and he kept lifting his feet and replacing them alternate ugh the leaves of the arte in the right spot, and sighting the heart of the buck, fell back again a lifeless lump.

I was about to rush forward and secure my prize when I saw the doe, instead of bounding away, run up to her fallen partner, and press her tapering nose o his body. She was not more than twenty yards from me, and I could plainly see that her look was one of inquiry and bewilderment. All at once she seemed to comprehend the fatal truth, and throwing back her head, commenced uttering the most piteous cries, at the same time running in circles around the dead body of her mate.

I stood wavering between two minds. My first intention was to load and kill the doe, but her strange and plaintive cries entered my heart, and completely disarmed me of all hostile feeling—nay, more; I began to feel remorse for what I had already done. Had I dreamt of witnessing a specta-cle so painful as the one before me, I should never left the train. "Jerked bull," for a month, and half rations at that, would have been happiness to what endured as I listened and looked upon this strange scene. But the mischief was now done. "I have worse than killed her," thought I, "it will be best to despatch her at once, and in this way relieve her of all pain." Actuated by a principle of common, but to her fatal humanity, I rested the butt of my rifle and reloaded. With a guilty look and faltering hand, I raised the piece and fired. My hand was steady enough to do its work. When the smoke floated aside, I could see the little creature bleeding upon the grass, her head resting upon the body of her murdered mate.

I shouldered my rifle and was about to move for ward, when to my astonishment I found myself held by the feet, and firmly as if my boots had been serewed in a vice! I made an effort to raise my legs, but could neither raise one or the other-an other more violent was equally unsuccessful—a third more desperate, and lossing my balance, I fell back with a splash into the water. Half suffocated, I endeavored to recover my upright position. This leasily accomplished, and my knees were already below the surface of sand, and, in fact, now bent with lifficulty. I could neither move forward, nor backward, to the right or left, and I became sensible that I was gradually going down deeper and deeper!— Then the truth flashed upon me; I was sinking in a

quicksand! A feeling of horror ran through me. I renewed my efforts with the energy of desperation, I bent to one side, then to the other, almost pulling my legs from their sockets, but my feet; I could not move them an inch. The soft, clingy sand already over-topped my horsekin boots, wedged them around my legs, so that I vainly endeavored to draw them forth slowly but surely, as though some horrid monste leisurely dragging me downward. The very thought was horror, and I cried aloud for help. To whom? There was no one within miles—no living thing.— Yes; the neigh of my horse answered me from the hill, mocking my despair.

I bent forward as well as my constrained position would allow, and with frenzied fingers tearing up the sand. I could barely touch my feet; the little hollow I was able to scrape out, filled up as quickly

from service shall be delivered up upon claim of the owner. And the question of slavery is the only one that has shaken the foundation of this mighty republic, and caused it to tote the upon its base, as it were, ready to tumble into a gulf of dissolution.

This provision of the constitution has been violated. But whether that violation has been such as to warrant a State in secession, is a question that admits of doubt. The violation, if committed by individuals or communities, then it is not such a violation, in my judgment, as would warrant the act of secession. But if committed by one State, in its sovereign capacity, upon the rights of another State, then secession is a right which ought to be exercised

Violations committed by communities who are openly arrayed against the law and the act of secession and a half; if I hances.—The U.S. Government.

After an interval my senses returned. I made an effort to rouse my mind from this paralysis, in order that I might meet my death, which I now felt was certain, like a man. I stood creet; my eyes had sunk to the prairie level; and resting upon the still

it must certainly the with the Exemitive, and if he does not cuploy itsean its certainly the with the Exemption of the late, the pair rate upon his dead.

That under these emptions of the late, the pair rate upon his dead.

State would be justified in several on the certainly all the concentrations of the certainly of the late would be justified in several of the late of the

tween them. Again I fixed my gaze upon the sky, to find the game. To my joy, not one antelope, but a brace of these beautiful animals were quietly grazing beyond—but, alas! too far beyond for the carry of my rifle. They were full three hundred yards distant, upon a smooth, grassy slope, without even a sage bush to serve me as a cover. What was to be done? struggles.

During one of these moments, my horse again swer—a neigh of recognition, that came back as quick as an echo. I shouted again—"Proh, Moro! Proh!" I listened with a bounding heart. For a about a hundred yards beyond the point where the animals were feeding. It was evidently a break in then came the hollow sounds of the prancing hoof: bed of an arroyo. In either case, the very shelter I and rearing to get free, then another neigh, and af

> and stretching himself, he sprung out into the channel, and came towards me.
>
> The next moment I held him by the bridle. The next moment I held him by the bridle.
>
> There was no time to be lost. I was still going down; and my armpits were fast nearing the surface of the quicksand.—Reaching up. I caught the lariat and passed it under the saddlegirts, fastened it in a firm tight knot. I then looped the trailing end making it secure around my body, and across my ribs. I had left enough of the rope between the bit ring and the girths to enable me to check and bit ring and the girths, to enable me to check and guide the animal, in case the drag upon my body

hould become too painful. All this while, the dumb brute seemed to compre hend what I was about, as well as the nature of the ground on which he stood; for during the operation,

fired. He leaped three feet from the ground, and with a strange feeling of awe, I gave my horse the signified their acceptance of their respective offices, signal. Here again the faithful creature bore eviand the meeting proceeded to the adoption of rules dence of the duty he had to perform. Instead of moving off with a start. I felt the rope tighten upon me slowly and gradually, as if it had been drawn by

1. Ordered, That all white men caught abroad afhuman hands! I experienced the wild delight to feel that slowly and gradually, too, I was moving.

The lariat cut painfully, and I checked the horse watch-house and there confined until he is claimed

for a moment to re-adjust the thong. This was done; and giving the signal a second time, I was drawn from the tenacious element, and felt myself-a feel- shall hereafter be rung at 9 o'clock every evening ing I cannot describe-sailing along the water. I sprang to my feet with a shout of joy. I rushed up to my brave steed, and throwing my arm around his neck, kissed him with as much delight as I would have kissed a beautiful girl. He answered my cm-brace with a low and singular neighing that told

me I was understood.

I looked for my rifle. Fortunately it had not sunk deeply, and I soon found it. My boots, with my spurs, remained in the quicksand and doubtless, by this time, have reached the granite formation, to be fossiled and thrown up by some future convulsion. made no attempt to recover them-being smitten with a wholesome dread of the place where I had left them-but mounting my gallant Moro, I was oon scouring across the prairie in the trail of my

compagnons du voyage. I reached the camp at sundown, where I was met with wondering looks, and such questions as "Did yer kum across the goats?" "Wher's yer boots?" "Whether hev ye been huntin' or fishin'?"

I answered there questions by relating my adventure; and that night, at least, my horse and myself were looked upon as the tallest buffers in that gang. Should the reader ever wander to the Rocky Mountains, he may hear the story—much better told—of "that are feller who wur fetched right out of his boots !'

> A SONG OF THE SOUTHERN LAND. Lay her where the wood-bine clingeth To the dark magnolia tree; Where the breeze low music bringeth From the bosom of the sea : With a sorrowful devotion, Lay here where sweet violets be : Where the leaves keep gentle motion To the breathing of the sea! There, there, lay her, There, there, leave her, Our fair Ella, Our young Ella, Our lost Ella, Ella Lee! Ever blooming as the summer,

Ever humming like the bee; We believed her some bright comer,

Oh, she was so sweet and holy,

Mortal ne'er could lovelier be.

And she left us bright and lowly,

From the land where souls are free

As the sun-set leaves the sea! Yes, we've lost her, Ever lost her, Our sweet Ella, Our fair Ella, Our young Ella, Ella Lee? Lay her where the long grass sweepeth, On the bark of many a tree; Where the lonely willow weepeth, Like a mourner by the sea,

She was lovely, she was gentle, As all gifted spirits be; Folded in a linen mantle. Slumbering near the sighing sea, We have left her, Sadly left her, Our fair Ella

Carrie ron Covenantena.—Punch says.
Pope sends a bull into Bostland. The Seetch
it lack again, and informs his holisces that
have a Knor of their own."

The second of th

The fact is accomplished! The power of the whites is overthrown, and we, the people of Massachusetts, can now luxuriate under the Empire of the Blacks a la mole de St. Domingo. In order to fully understand the new organization that has so magically taken place, and appreciate the blessings which will accrue to the poor whites who have so long been suffering under oppressors of their own complexion, we append a few extracts from the new official government organ, The Ebony Illuminator, of yesterday morning:

From the Ebony Illuminator, Feb 17. Io Triumphe! An Address from his Highness, Pompey Squash I Massachusetts.

CITY OF BOSTON, Feb. 15, 1851. My People—The palace of the white rascals is now in possession of our noble soldiery. The mealy faced cowards could not withstand the terrible onslaught of our glorious veterans, and flew like cotton bolls in a tornado to a place of temporary safety.— They will, however, be instantly pursued, captured,

and hung like dogs to the nearest tree.

This is a grand achievement, my brave people, and besides the encouragement it will afford to our brothers-in-arms in other States, it will forever crush the hydra-headed monsters called Law and Justice. which have so long trampled upon the rights and privileges of our exalted race in this otherwise beau-tiful land. The plunder is great, our pusillanimous adversa-ries having abandoned all their arms and ammuni-

tion, military stores, money chests, and archives, in their hot haste to escape. Among the most impor-tant articles captured, I will enumerate the follow-Three undischarged Colt's six-barrelled revolvers. One tarnished sword, belonging to the perfidious U. S. Marshall. (This weapon did great execution upon the backs of our terrified tyrants.)

One red cent, the reward of arresting the Saint

William Craft and his persecuted spouse. A dozen medallions struck in honor to the Mayor of the City for aid he did not afford against us.

A pair of old slippers left in the mud by the flying

The warrant for the arrest of the martyr Shadrach.

Also, details of the campaign, &c. &c.

These trophies will at once be taken to the Palace & Sambo, (formerly called Fanenil Hall.) and exhipited to the admiring gaze of our chivalric followers. AND NOW, know ye, my faithful subjects, that in rder to establish our empire upon a firm and lasting foundation, I, POMPEY SQUASH, the First Emperor of the Empire of Massachusetts, do appoint the following Ministry, and command that they be respected accordingly by my subjects at large :

Minister of State—George Thompson, for whose of my Royal Garters, and named him a Perfume Bearer near my Royal Person.

Minister of the Interior—Wm. Lloyd Garrison.

with the title of Grand Washer of the Armpits.

Minister of War—Elizur Wright, Lord Brace-ofPistols, surnamed the Bloody Minded. Minister of Finance-Vacant, as the office is a esent unnecessary.
Minister in Waiting—Charles Sumner, Lord of

Let the above be instantly heralded throughout ninions. Obey! POMPEY SQUASH I., Emperor. Signed, From the Ebony Illuminator, Extra.

Organization of the City Government. By special permission of the Emperor, a respecta-ble number of our colored fellow subjects assembled in the Palace de Sambo to-day, and proceeded at once to organize the City Government, by choosing the following municipal officers, subject to the ratiication of His Majesty:
Mayor—Honorable Samuel Johnsing.
City Marshal—Gumbo Chaff.

Board of Aldermen -- Bone Squash, Dandy Jim, (of Caroline,) James Crow, Æolian Bones, Cæsar Blueskin, and Harmoneon Tamborine, Esquires.

Common Council—Darkness Visible, Esquire.

President.) Augustus Constantine Blackman, Peter William Henry Antony Brutus Softshin, Esquires. My arrangements were at length completed, and The above distinguished gentlemen being present.

by his master. 2. Ordered, That the bell of the Old South Church during the year, in order that the whites shall re

ceive warning to avoid the penalty incurred in the foregoing ordinance.

3. Ordered. That any white woman detected in using the Chlorion Lustrale or any other cosmetic for removing sallowness of complexion, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and be forever denied he privilege of serving in respectable colored fami-

4. Ordered, That any colored subject who shall marry or cohabit with any white woman, shall be transported for his natural life to South Carolina or some other penal colony within the dominions of the Empire—the object of the reformation being to keep

the black blood pure.
5. Ordered, That the white persons shall be eligible to no office of any description, except such as boot-blacks and night scavengers. Ordered, That a whipping post be erected on the Common, at which all white persons shall be punished for any infraction of these ordinances. 7. Ordered, That it shall be lawful for all colored

bjects to lie, cheat, or steal, whenever by so doing they can obtain any advantage over the whites.

8. Ordered, That it shall be lawful to kidnap a white man whenever a black desires the pastime 9. Ordered, That those whites who have aided the establishment of the Empire, shall be permitted to marry colored ladies, provided the latter have one or more black husbands.

erned accordingly. BULL HEADED BILL, City Clerk.

Mr. Chaff offered an ordinance allowing the privilege of smoking in the streets exclusively to the colored population, but as it was suggested by Mr. Softshin that a law punishing only white men for that offence was already in force, Mr. Chaff with-

MOVEMENTS OF THE IMPERIAL COURT-LOCAL ITEMS, &c.—His Imperial Majesty will give a grand dejeuner a la forchette to-morrow morning at half-past 7 o'clock, in the hall of the late House of Represen-

ADVERTISEMENT.

Boston, Feb. 17.—Year of the Empire the First.
The next number of the *Illuminator* will contain further account of the progress of the reign of Pompey Squash.

A CURIOSITY .- A friend of ours in this city has a lamb, which some ten days ago had its high legs so badly burned that to walk on all fours became a rather painful operation. Yesterday we saw the animal, and with the use of two of its legs without allowing it in the least to interfere with its powers of locomotion. Throwing his hinder parts into the air, so as to bring the line of its back to a perpendicular, he walked off on his fore legs alone, with as unconcerned an air as the most accomplished circus performer would walk upon his hands. Barnum ought to have that animal. Atlanta Intelligencer.

Schools.

JACKSONVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY. THE First Session of this Seminary commenced on the 17th instant, under very favorable auspices, and it is hoped that it will be liberally patronized by the public, more especially by those living in the Eastern part of the State. Jacksonville is a very pretty little town, the county site of Onslow, and is perfectly accessible at all seasons of the year, both by land and water. Mrs Janette F. Reid has now the charge of the Seminary, who was some time Professor in Greensboro' Female College, and is esteemed fully competent to maintain the responsibility entailed by the position she occupies, and will not fail to render ample justice to all who may come within the influence of her instructions.

Board may be had in good families at \$6 per month.

rench 5 00' Guitar 15 00°
Guitar 15 00°
Drawing and Painting in water eviors 5 00°
Ornamental Needle Work 3 00°
No reduction made in tuition fees, except in cases of protracted sickness. A. J. MURRIL,
Secretary Board of Trustees.

Jacksonville, Onslow co., N. C., March 28, 1851 29-3m
Spirit of the Age, Raleigh, and Newbernian, Newbern,
will publish three months, and forward accounts to this officer
for collection.

RICHLAND ACADEMY. THE Winter session of this Institution will close on Friday
The 21st of February, and the next session will open on
the 3d day of March. Although students may enter the
School at any period of the session, it is desired that all who
intend entering during the session, will be prompt in attendance at the beginning. All who enter the School before
the first half session expires, will be charged for the whole
session, and no deduction is made for absence unless in case
of protracted sickness. L. G. WOODWARD, Principal.
Feb. 2d, 1851.

MEMPHIS INSTITUTE.

Medical Department.

THE regular course of Lectures in this Institute will commence on the First of November, and continue until the last of February. The Anatomical Department will be open and ready to receive students by the First of October. The Medical Department will be under the direction of the following

PROFESSORS : J. CONQUEST CROSS, M. D., Professor of the Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence.
W. BYRD POWELL, M. D., Professor of Cerebral Physiology, Medical Geology and Mineralogy.
R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
H. J. HULCE, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of

J. A. WILSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

KING, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeuties.

FREEMAN, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.

MILTON SANDERS, A. M., M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

istry and Pharmacy.

CLINQUE LECTURERS.

Medicine—Prof. H. J. HULCE.

Surgery—Prof. R. S. NEWTON.

Anatomical Demonstrator—Z. FREEMAN, M. D.

The fees for a full course of lectures amount to \$105. Matriculator's, \$5. Demonstrator's Fee, \$10. Graduation, \$20.

Those desiring further information will please address their letters (post paid) to the Dean; and students arriving in the city will please addless that the Compencial Hotel. city will please call on him at the Commercial Hotel.

R. S. NEWTON, M. D., Dean of the Faculty,

Law Department. Hon. E. W. M. KING, Professor of Theory and Practice of Law. Hon. V. D. BARRY, Professor of Commercial Jurispru

dence. Terms-\$50 per Session. All communications pertaining to the addressed to Memphis, Tenn., July, 1850. nications pertaining to this department must be

The Faculties, for intellectual abilities, moral worth and presonal acquirements, will compare favorably with the most distinguished in our country. The medical faculty constitutes an anomaly in this or any other country-all of them

are able lecturers and the best of teachers.

Those who will contemplate our geographical position, and the extent of our population, can have no doubt as to the eligibility of our situation for an enterprise of the kind. As to health, including all seasons of the year, we deny that any other city has more.

A common error exists in the minds of many students relative to the place of studying medicine; those who intend practising among the diseases of the West and South should certainly educate themselves at a School whose Faculty are practically nequainted with those diseases.

That the public may be satisfied of the permanency of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and

That the public may be satisfied of the permanency of this school, we feel it our duty to state, that the Trustees and Faculty form a UNIT in action, which augurs well for its future success; and that the peculiar internal organization which connects them, cannot be interrupted.

E. W. M. KING, President of the Memphis Institute.

New Livery Stables .- Fire Proof. HAVING completed my new Livery Stables, I am now ready to receive Horses at livery, by the day, week, or month.

My Stables are situated on the corner of Princess and Third

Streets, directly opposite the Court-House, and very convenient to the business part of the town. They are built of brick, and covered with tin, which makes them entirely FIRE-FROOF. They are large, commodious, and well constructed; and in every respect as comfurtable and convenient as any Stables in the United States.

I also have (for the accommodation of Drovers,) a large and comfortable Lot, together with a basement under the Stables ufficient to hold one hundred harses, and shelter them well and comfortably.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, and BUGGIES, kept constantly for hire.
My Hostlers cannot be surpassed in any country, and I therefore feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to those

who favor me with their cus on transfer me with their custom.

I feel grateful to my friends and the public for their liberal catronage heretofore, and hope to merit a continuance of their custom.

H. R. NIXON. Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 11, 1847.

COACH MAKING, REPAIRING, AND JOBBING,

coach Making, Repairing, and Jobbing, corner Three and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment of the making and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment of the ment on the corner of Third and Princess Str., with the subscribers, having taken the establishment of the pampered by such luxuries as are now sold by Redding & Company, Water street.

P. S. His Imperial Majesty having graciously ratified the above, the city government is now in full force and action. The white population will be governed accordingly.

Buy Harring Street and Action of the latter have one or more black husbands.

COACH MAKING, REPAIRING, AND JOBBING.

Corner Three and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Str., with mington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Str., with mington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Str., with mington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers, having taken the establishment on the corner of Third and Princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers having the subscribers having the princess Streets, opposite Nizon's Livery Stables, Wilmington, N. C.

The subscribers having the princess Streets, with mington, N. C.

The subscribers having the princess Streets, with mington, N. C.

The s

HORSE-SHOEING, &c HORSE-SHOEING, &c.

Having a spacious Blacksmith Shop attached, they will make and repair Agricultural Implements, Mill Work, and Farmers' Blacksmithing generally. They will also pay particular attention to Horse-Shoetang.

Having one of the best Shoers that could be obtained in the city of Philadelphia, who has had ten years experience in the business, and importing Iron expressly for that purpose, they can ensure their work to be equal, if not superior, to any other that can be done at the South.

N. S. NEAL & CO.

Wilmington, Feb. 21st, 1851

dejeuner a la forchette to-morrow morning at half-past 7 o'clock, in the hall of the late House of Representatives, which has been converted into a dining room for his Mnjesty. The late Senate Chamber makes a very commodious and elegant bed-chamber for his august highness.

Empress Dina will receive an illustrious company this evening in the Palsee Snowball, lately the residence of the Mayor that was.

The Navy Yard at Charleston is to be converted into a park for the recreation of their Royal Highnesses, the little Princes.

A monument has been erected to the memory of the martyr Shadrach, on the spot formerly occupied by the Big Elm on the Royal pleasure grounds lately known as the Common.

Special Editor.—His Imperial Majesty has commanded that all mized drinks shall hereafter be abolished—black strap being the only authorized heverage. Any white mass who disobeys shall receive 49 lashes. None but blacks are allowed to get drunk.

A Great Mar Revarden.—We are rejoiced to order.

All are levited to cull and examine my goods, whether in addition to the above, the subscriber always keeps on hand a large supply of String Leasther, and has now, and will keep through the season, a good assortment of Fry Neta.

All are levited to cull and examine my goods, whether in addition to the above, the subscriber always keeps on hand a large supply of String Leasther, and has now, and will keep through the season, a good assortment of Fry Neta.

All are levited to cull and examine my goods, whether in and in addition to the above, the subscriber always keeps on hand a large supply of String Leasther, and has now, and will keep through the season, a good assortment of Fry Neta.

All are levited to cull and examine my goods, whether in a